Council Meeting Date: July 25, 2007 Agenda Item: 7(c)

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM

CITY OF SHORELINE, WASHINGTON

AGENDA TITLE: Approval of Settlement Agreement with Yakima County on Jail

Services

DEPARTMENT: City Attorney's Office **PRESENTED BY:** Ian Sievers, City Attorney

PROBLEM/ISSUE STATEMENT:

In 2002, Shoreline joined a coalition of other King County cities in negotiating a long term contract with Yakima County to house city inmates awaiting trial in municipal court or to serve a jail sentence following conviction. This initiative was in response to reluctance by King County to continue to offer its jail to suburban cities as a regional service. The resulting jail contract with Yakima County provided a lower cost for incarceration than the King County contract used by Shoreline since incorporation.

The Yakima contract established a duty of prisoner care and supervision in compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations; guaranteed a minimum number of daily jail beds available for city inmates; and provided bus transportation for inmates to and from the Renton jail. In exchange, each city paid a set daily fee per inmate and collectively committed to a 440 average daily bed usage for all city inmates. Yakima used the bed guarantee as a revenue stream to pay dept service on bonds to finance a new correctional facility for Yakima's needs and the interlocal agreement with King County cities as well as operating costs. The long term contract runs to the end of 2009.

The Jail Advisory Group (JAG), formed by city participants in the interlocal agreement to administer the contract, commissioned consultants to report on the Yakima jail operation in September 2006. The consultant's report found that delay in opening the new Yakima correction facility was contributing to overcrowding and contributing to violence in the inmate population. It also found unacceptable delay in providing medical care. Statements by Yakima County officials to the JAG and the local press indicated an unwillingness to open the completed new facility even after its shake-down operation because it would be less expensive to continue operation of the existing jail. In response to their consultant's report and likelihood of continuing problems in the old facility eleven of the contract cities, including Shoreline, filed a formal claim as a prerequisite to suit for breach of contract. Attachment A. Some cities substituted jail beds in alternate facilities at higher cost and several cities filed one-year notices to terminate the long-term interlocal with Yakima. Shoreline continued to use the Yakima

¹ A companion 2002 interlocal agreement with Renton and the coalition cities allowed use of the Renton jail as a short term holding facility and collection point.

facility while pursuing settlement negotiations based on corrective measures taken by Yakima to resolve some of the most acute problems of inmate safety and medical care as reported by the JAG consultant in January, 2007. Opening the new facility, however, was seen as the only satisfactory long term solution to overcrowded conditions and inmate safety.

Over the past several months the JAG and city attorneys of the contract cities have been negotiating a settlement to this dispute with Yakima County. Attachment B is the tentative agreement to settle claims which has been reached. It includes amendments and clarification of the existing interlocal agreement for jail facilities and requires Council authorization. Key terms of this agreement are:

- Yakima agrees to an enforceable commitment to fully operate the new correction facility. Yakima County opened two pods at the end of February in response to the cities claim of breach and commits to opening the remaining two pods by the end of this year absent the occurrence of certain limited circumstances defined in the agreement.
- The cities that remain in the jail interlocal will not be obligated to pay the guaranteed average bed usage of the original contract if Renton and Seattle leave the agreement. The guarantee will be reduced by the bed usage of these cities.
- Shoreline agrees to settle and withdraw its claim for possible past breaches of the interlocal agreement based on cures and the promise to open the rest of the correction facility. There is no waiver of future claims for breach.
- Yakima and JAG agree to detailed reporting protocols on jail operations to allow prompt notice of complaints and problems in the future.
- By settling, Shoreline will be given the same terms as those contract cities that reach a separate settlement with Yakima on more favorable terms.

FINANCIAL IMPACT: There is no financial impact. Shoreline's proportional share of the collective guarantee bed cost will not change if Renton and Seattle follow through with their notice of intent to terminate participation in the jail interlocal agreement

RECOMMENDATION

Motion authorizing the city manager to sign the Agreement to Settle and Release Claims and Withdraw Terminations Related to Agreement to House Inmates.

ATTACHMENTS:

A. Shoreline Claim against Yakima County

B. Agreement to Settle and Release Claims and Withdraw Terminations Related to Agreement to House Inmates.

Approved By:

City Manage City Attorney

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 CITY OF AUBURN, a noncharter code city; CITY OF BELLEVUE, a noncharter code city;) 8 CITY OF DES MOINES, a noncharter code city; CITY OF FEDERAL WAY, a noncharter) 9 **CLAIM FOR DAMAGES** code city; CITY OF KIRKLAND, a noncharter) code city; CITY OF LAKE FOREST PARK, a 10 (RCW 4.96.010-.020) noncharter code city; CITY OF MERCER ISLAND, a noncharter code city; CITY OF 11 REDMOND, a noncharter code city; CITY OF SEATTLE, a first-class charter city; CITY OF 12 SHORELINE, a noncharter code city; CITY OF) SNOQUALMIE, a noncharter code city; CITY 13 OF TUKWILA, a noncharter code city, 14 Claimants, 15 VS. 16 YAKIMA COUNTY, 17 Defendant. 18 To the Board of County Commissioners for Yakima County: 19 Pursuant to RCW 4.96.010 and .020, and to Yakima County Code § 2.98.090, you are 20 hereby notified that the claimants, the Cities of Auburn, Bellevue, Des Moines, Federal Way, 21 Kirkland, Lake Forest Park, Mercer Island, Redmond, Seattle, Shoreline, Snoqualmie and Tukwila 22 (collectively, "Claimants"), claim damages from Yakima County ("Yakima"). 23

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CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 1

SUMMARY OF CLAIM

Claimants are among 35 municipalities (the "Cities") in King County that contract with Yakima for jail services. Claimants' claim for damages arises out of Yakima's refusal to open a new jail facility, as it is required to do pursuant to the terms of an agreement with the Cities, even though the new jail has been constructed and is ready to be opened. Because Yakima has refused to open its new jail, Claimants' inmates who are sent to Yakima are housed in Yakima's old jail facility in conditions that a consultant team has described as overcrowded and unsafe. Yakima has stated that it does not have sufficient funds to open the new jail, but this assertion is both legally unavailing and factually unsupported. The Cities pay Yakima more than \$8 million annually to house City inmates, a rate that was calculated to provide sufficient funds for Yakima to open and operate the new jail. Instead, Yakima has applied the money to its general fund. Claimants have therefore suffered damage in the form of overpayments to Yakima.

Moreover, Yakima's breach of its contractual obligations has forced Seattle to send some of its inmates to another jail, at substantial cost, and has forced Claimants to seek alternative jail space for their inmates. This claim seeks payment of all of Claimants' losses caused by Yakima's breach of contract, including costs and overpayments incurred to date, and costs to be incurred in the future in securing alternative jail space.

CLAIMANTS

Claimants are municipal corporations organized under the laws of the State of Washington. Claimants' addresses are as follows:

City of Auburn 25 West Main St. Auburn, Washington 98001

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 2

	1 City of Bellevue 450 110 th Ave. NE
	2 Bellevue, Washington 98009
	City of Des Moines 21630 11 th Avenue South
•	Des Moines, Washington 98198
	City of Federal Way 33325 8 th Ave. S.
(Federal Way, Washington 98063
7	7 City of Kirkland 123 Fifth Avenue
8	Kirkland, Washington 98033
9	City of Lake Forest Park 17425 Ballinger Way NE
10	
11	City of Mercer Island 9611 SE 36 th Street
12	Mercer Island, Washington 98040
13	City of Redmond 15670 NE 85 th Street
14	Redmond, Washington 98073
15	City of Seattle 600 Fourth Avenue
16	Seattle, Washington 98124
17	City of Shoreline 17544 Midvale Ave. N.
18	Shoreline, Washington 98133
19	City of Snoqualmie 8020 Railroad Ave. SE
20	Snoqualmie, Washington 98065
21	City of Tukwila 6200 Southcenter Blvd.
22	Tukwila, Washington 98188

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CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 3

FACTS

Contract Between Cities and Yakima

In or around August 2002, the Cities and Yakima entered into an interlocal agreement for jail services (the "Agreement"), under which the Cities agreed to rent jail beds from the Yakima County Department of Corrections and Security. Prior to execution of the Agreement by all parties, the Cities and Yakima agreed to modify certain provisions of the Agreement. The Cities and Yakima then entered into an Addendum ("Addendum") to the Agreement, effective October 31, 2002, containing the modifications, including an extension of the termination date. The Agreement and the Addendum were signed by all of the Cities and by Yakima.

In the Agreement and Addendum, Yakima agreed to maintain its correctional facilities, including a new jail facility, to care for and house inmates from the Cities. In exchange for Yakima's commitment to provide care, housing and security for City inmates, the Cities agreed to pay Yakima a fee according to a specified schedule.

In the Agreement and Addendum, Yakima agreed to a "Minimum Bed Guarantee."

Beginning on October 1, 2003, Yakima guaranteed a minimum of 440 daily jail beds for City inmates. The Cities agreed to pay Yakima for the specified number of jail beds, even if the actual number of City inmates sent to Yakima were to fall below the Minimum Bed Guarantee.

The Agreement and Addendum required Yakima to exercise due diligence to complete its new jail facility, at which point Yakima would be required to begin accepting City inmates in the new jail:

Following the commencement of construction, Yakima County agrees to exercise due diligence to complete the New Jail Facility, the occupancy date, following the shakedown period, is currently estimated by Yakima County to be July 1, 2004. Upon receipt of a full or temporary certificate of occupancy for the New Jail Facility, and upon completion of the required "shakedown period," Yakima

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 4

County agrees to accept City Inmates pursuant to this Agreement in the New Jail Facility.

Addendum, § 2(c) (modifying Agreement, § 2; emphasis added).

In or around November 2004, the Cities and Yakima entered into a Second Amendment to the interlocal agreement (the "Second Amendment"), which became effective on December 31, 2004. Among other terms, the Second Amendment provided that the Cities would pay a reduced fee for up to 100 beds of the 440 bed commitment.

During the negotiation of the Agreement, the Addendum, and the Second Amendment, representatives of Yakima repeatedly assured the Cities that the County would build and open the new jail. The bed rental fee that was negotiated, including the reduced fee in the Second Amendment, was calculated by Yakima staff to cover the Cities' share of the operating and debt service costs for both Yakima's existing jail facilities and the new jail. Yakima's commitment to build, open and operate the new jail was an essential inducement for the Cities to enter into the long-term interlocal agreement and amendments.

The Cities, including Claimants, have complied with all of their contractual duties and obligations. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Addendum, and the Second Amendment, the Cities have paid Yakima more than \$8 million per year to house City inmates and to provide funding for Yakima to open and operate the new jail. In 2006, the Cities are scheduled to pay Yakima approximately \$8.76 million.

Consultant Report

In or around September 2005, the Cities retained two consultants with extensive experience in administering and working with correctional facilities to undertake an assessment of inmate safety and the quality of medical care being delivered to inmates in the Yakima County jail. On November 30, 2005, the consultants issued their report. Their principal recommendation was that,

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 5

in order to improve the level of inmate safety, Yakima should open the new jail (referred to in the Report as the "Justice Center"):

Recommendations. The two most important steps that could be taken to increase levels of inmate safety are to begin to use the currently vacant Justice Center to relieve crowding in the Main Jail Complex and to continue efforts to introduce a modified direct supervision management model in the Annex. . . .

While operational changes in the Main Jail and Annex can reduce levels of violence and enhance the level of inmate safety, virtually anything done in those two facilities will be something of a stopgap measure. The facilities are going to remain crowded, idleness is likely to continue, and other compromises of strong correctional practice will continue to be necessary. Our recommendation for a more permanent solution is to open the new Justice Center. [Emphasis in original.]

Yakima's Refusal to Open New Jail

A certificate of occupancy was issued for the new jail in or around August 2005. In or around November 2005, the new jail began its "shakedown mode" (i.e., a test run of its facilities, systems and procedures). More than 100 inmates, including City inmates, were transferred to the new jail for the shakedown.

On or about December 5, 2005, the Cities sent a letter to the Yakima County Administrator and Yakima County Department of Corrections officials requesting a formal response to the consultants' report. The letter requested that Yakima provide a specific work plan to implement the report's recommendations, in particular the opening of the new jail.

On or about January 12, 2006, Steve Robertson, Director of the Yakima County Department of Corrections, sent a letter in response to the Cities' December 5 letter. With respect to the new jail (referred to in Mr. Robertson's letter as the "JC"), Mr. Robertson stated that it was "currently in 'shakedown mode." He acknowledged that the shakedown was nearly complete, but further stated: "As you know, we are not scheduled to open the new JC in 2006." In fact, this was not something

of which the Cities were "aware." The Agreement had contemplated that the new jail would be ready to house inmates by July 1, 2004. Even though that date had been delayed, the Cities assumed the new jail would open and be operational in 2006 once the shakedown was complete.

Mr. Robertson's letter closed by claiming that Yakima had insufficient funds to operate the new jail.

On or about February 28, 2006, in response to Mr. Robertson's letter, the Cities wrote a letter to the Yakima County Commissioners expressing the Cities' "grave concerns" regarding Yakima's apparent intent to breach the terms of the Agreement by refusing to open the new jail. The Cities cited the contractual provisions requiring Yakima to construct, open and accept City inmates in the new jail, and representations made by Yakima during contract negotiations:

In 2004, when the second amendment to the contract was negotiated, Yakima County representatives continued to assure the Cities that the county would be building and opening the new jail. During these negotiations Yakima County staff developed the reduced rate fee for up to 100 unused beds. This fee was intentionally calculated by your staff to cover both the debt service and the fixed costs associated with the full operation of the new jail.

In response to Mr. Robertson's claims that Yakima had insufficient funds to operate the new jail, the Cities noted that such claims were without factual or legal basis:

Any financial constraints the county may be facing do not relieve the county of its legal obligation to open and operate the New Jail Facility. Additionally, under the terms of our agreement, the 35 cities will pay Yakima County \$8.76 million to house city inmates in 2006. This funding is more than sufficient to cover the Cities' share of the operating and the debt service costs for both the existing and the new jails.

The letter further expressed the Cities' understanding that a certificate of occupancy for the new jail had been issued in August 2005, and that the shakedown had begun in November 2005. The Cities demanded that Yakima open the new jail by July 1, 2006.

The Yakima County Commissioners responded in a letter dated March 8, 2006, which stated that the shakedown period had been extended until June 2006. In response to the demand to open the new jail, the Commissioners claimed that the Agreement "clearly obligates [the Cities] to

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 7

provide Yakima County with acceptable inmate populations to fully open, and operate the New Jail Facility as intended." The Commissioners cited no provision imposing any obligation on the Cities to provide "acceptable inmate populations," and in fact the Agreement contains no such provision.

On or about May 23, 2006, Yakima County ended the shakedown. In announcing the termination, Yakima noted that while the shakedown has disclosed certain problems, all of these had been repaired. The new jail, although fully constructed, is not open and houses no inmates.

Yakima's actions constitute breach of contract and breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

DAMAGES

The Cities pay Yakima more than \$8 million annually to house City inmates, a rate that was calculated to provide sufficient funds for Yakima to open and operate the new jail. Because Claimants have been paying Yakima to house City inmates in a new jail that Yakima has refused to open and operate, they have suffered and will continue to suffer damage in the form of overpayments to Yakima. The amount of that damage is unknown at this time.

Moreover, in light of Yakima's continued breach of its obligation to open the new jail and breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, Claimants and the other Cities have undertaken an exhaustive search for alternative jail space to house City inmates. Yakima's breaches have caused Seattle to send some of its inmates to another jail, at a cost to date to Seattle of more than \$415,000, and will further force Claimants to incur additional expenses in the future in locating and securing alternative jail space. The amount of that damage is unknown at this time.

Demand is hereby made that Yakima pay Claimants their losses caused by Yakima's breach of contract, including but not limited to expenses and overpayments incurred to date, and expenses to be incurred in the future in securing alternative jail space.

FINAL DECISION REQUESTED

Claimants request that the Board of County Commissioners for Yakima County make a final decision on this claim.

The undersigned declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this _____ day of September, 2006.

CITY OF AUBURN

By:
Daniel B. Heid, WSBA No. 8217
Auburn City Attorney

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY CITY OF BELLEVUE

LORI M. RIORDAN, City Attorney

By:
Siona D. Windsor, WSBA No. 22785
Assistant City Attorney

CITY OF DES MOINES

Anthony A. Piasecki
Des Moines City Manager

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 9

Thomas A. Carr Seattle City Attorney 600 Fourth Avenue, 4th Floor P.O. Box 94769 Seattle, WA 98124-4769 (206) 684-8200

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By:

CITY OF FEDERAL WAY

2 3 By: Patricia A. Richardson, WSBA No. 16419 4 Federal Way City Attorney 5 CITY OF KIRKLAND 6 7 By: 8 Robin S. Jenkinson, WSBA No. 10853 Kirkland City Attorney 9 10 CITY OF LAKE FOREST PARK 11 12 By: Michael P. Ruark, WSBA No. 2220 13 Lake Forest Park City Attorney 14 CITY OF MERCER ISLAND 15 16 By: 17 Londi K. Lindell, WSBA No. 14427 Mercer Island City Attorney 18 19 CITY OF REDMOND By: James E. Haney, WSBA No. 11058 Redmond City Attorney

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES - 10

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1		CITY OF SEATTLE
2		THOMAS A. CARR Seattle City Attorney
3		Scattle City Attorney
4	By:	
5		Gregory C. Narver, WSBA #18127 Assistant City Attorney
6		
7		CITY OF SHORELINE
8		
9	By:	Robert Olander
0		Shoreline City Manager
1	·	CITY OF SNOQUALMIE
2		
3	By:	
4		Patrick B. Anderson, WSBA No. 2487 Snoqualmie City Attorney
5		
6		CITY OF TUKWILA
7		
8	Ву:	Shelley Kerslake, WSBA No. 21820
9		Tukwila City Attorney
20		
21		
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AGREEMENT TO SETTLE AND RELEASE CLAIMS AND WITHDRAW TERMINATIONS RELATED TO AGREEMENT TO HOUSE INMATES

This Agreement to Settle and Release Claims and Withdraw Terminations Related to Agreement to House Inmates ("Settlement Agreement") is between Yakima County and the Cities that execute this Settlement Agreement ("Settling Cities").

RECITALS

- A. WHEREAS, Yakima County and 35 King County cities (the "Cities") have entered into an Interlocal Agreement and addenda and amendments thereto (collectively, the "Agreement"), for the Yakima County Department of Corrections (YCDOC) to house the Cities' misdemeanor inmates; and
- B. WHEREAS, the Cities have formed a Jail Advisory Group (JAG) and a Jail Operations Group (JOG) to facilitate the Cities' administration of the Agreement; and
- C. WHEREAS, the Cities of Seattle and Renton (Terminating Cities) are also parties to the Agreement, the JAG and the JOG; and
- D. WHEREAS, the Agreement calls for the construction, completion and operation of a New Jail Facility; and
- E. WHEREAS, a dispute arose between Settling Cities and Terminating Cities and Yakima County regarding the opening of the New Jail Facility and other operational concerns raised in a 2005 report by consultant William C. Collins (Consultant) to the Cities; and
- F. WHEREAS, on September 27, 2006, the Cities of Auburn, Bellevue, Des Moines, Federal Way, Kirkland, Lake Forest Park, Mercer Island, Redmond, Seattle, Shoreline, Snoqualmie, Tukwila, ("Claimants") filed a claim under chapter 4.96 RCW ("Claim") against Yakima County related to the dispute; and
- G. WHEREAS, Renton on August 22, 2006, and, Seattle on December 8, 2006, gave Yakima County notice of their intent to terminate their Interlocal Agreements with Yakima County, and these two cities represent 182 of the 440 bed commitment under the Agreement; and
- H. WHEREAS, the Cities of Auburn, Des Moines, and Snoqualmie ("Settling Terminating Cities") also gave Yakima County notice of their intent to terminate their Interlocal Agreements with Yakima County, and
- I. WHEREAS, in January 2007, subsequent to the various cities' claims and notices of intent to terminate the Agreement, Consultant William Collins issued a report that documents significant improvements in inmate safety and medical care made by YCDOC during 2005 and 2006, and that YCDOC is committed to continued improvement in jail operations, including direct and modified direct inmate supervision; and

- J. WHEREAS, Yakima County irrevocably intends to open and operate the New Jail Facility for the term of the Agreement; and
- K. WHEREAS, Yakima County opened 2 of the 4 pods of the New Jail Facility, also known as the Justice Center, on February 27, 2007, and is doing all things necessary and appropriate to fully open and operate the Justice Center by December 31, 2007, and
- L. WHEREAS, the Settling Cities recognize that full opening and safe operation of the New Jail Facility involve unpredictable factors that are beyond Yakima County's control including availability of good candidates to be hired to serve as corrections officers and support staff as well as retirement, resignation, and/or termination of existing corrections officers and staff; and
- M. WHEREAS, under the Section 4 of the Agreement, the Minimum Bed Commitment of the Settling Cities is reduced by the ADP attributable to any city that terminates the Agreement; and
- N. WHEREAS, Yakima does not seek to require Settling Cities to pay any amounts that, under the Agreement, are the responsibility of any terminating city, and
- O. WHEREAS, Yakima County and the Settling Cities wish to resolve their differences and continue to be parties to the Agreement with the following commitments; and
- P. WHEREAS, this Settlement Agreement is intended to clarify but not to change terms of the Agreement,

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual benefits to be derived, Yakima and the Settling Cities agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. Opening and Operation of New Jail Facility.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR

- A. Yakima County irrevocably intends to open and operate the New Jail Facility for the term of the Agreement. Therefore, Yakima County shall do everything reasonably within its control to open the 3rd and 4th pods of the New Jail Facility on or before December 31, 2007, and to fully operate the New Jail Facility for the term of the Agreement.
- B. Circumstances reasonably beyond the control of Yakima County that prevent safe opening and/or operation of the New Jail Facility shall excuse Yakima County from opening all 4 pods of the New Jail Facility on or before December 31, 2007, and/or from subsequently operating the New Jail Facility for the term of the Agreement. Such circumstances include, without limitation, availability of good candidates to be hired as corrections officers and support staff as well as retirement, resignation, and/or termination of existing corrections officers and staff. Provided however, "circumstances" shall not include decisions, acts or omissions arising or resulting in whole or in part from budgetary or financial considerations or circumstances, or termination by any King County city of its Inmate Housing Agreement with Yakima County.

C. If, due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of Yakima County, all 4 pods of the New Jail Facility are not open and operating by December 31, 2007, and/or for the term of the Agreement, Yakima County shall remain obligated to continue to do all things necessary and appropriate to fully open and operate the New Jail Facility as soon as possible after December 31, 2007, and to fully operate the New Jail Facility for the term of the Agreement.

2. Financial Responsibility of Settling Cities.

- A. The Minimum Bed Commitment of the Settling Cities and Settling Terminating Cities shall, pursuant to Section 4 of the Agreement, be reduced by the ADP attributable to any city that terminates the Agreement.
- B. At no time shall Settling Cities be responsible to pay for another city's alleged or actual minimum bed commitment.

3. Release of Settling Cities' Claims and Withdrawal of Notice of Termination.

- A. Settling Cities release and forever discharge Yakima, its elected officials, officers, employees and agents from the Claims they filed against Yakima County on September 27, 2006, and from any known claims, damages, and/or causes of action for failing to open the New Jail Facility.
- B. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, this release does not extend to:
 - Settling Cities' rights under Paragraph 16(b) of the Agreement, as amended, except as specifically released herein.
 - 2. Claims by Settling Cities arising out of or resulting from Yakima's promises and/or obligations contained in this Settlement Agreement which are to be fulfilled in the future.
- C. The notices of termination of each of the Settling Terminating Cities are withdrawn with prejudice with respect to events prior to the date of the execution of this Settlement Agreement that are known to said Cities, except in the event Yakima County breaches Section 1 of this Settlement Agreement, such notices shall have the same effect they had on the day before the date of the execution of this Settlement Agreement.

4. Release of Yakima County Claims.

Yakima County releases and forever discharges the Settling Cities, their elected officials, officers, employees and agents from any claims, damages and/or causes of action, including but not limited to defamation, slander, false light, negligent or intentional interference with business expectations, attorney's fees and cost, arising out of or resulting from Cities' September 27, 2006, Claim against Yakima County.

5. Operational Reporting:

As further consideration for the promises and commitments made by the Settling Cities herein, Yakima County shall report the following information to the JAG:

- A. Total daily population per jail facility, on a weekly basis (i.e. custody report);
- B. Number of city inmates housed in special housing, by category of special housing, on a weekly basis;
- C. Inmate assaults broken down by jail facility and floor area, on a monthly basis (i.e. report titled Assaults by Month, Location);
- D. Next business day reporting to affected city of Transport Referral Form with supporting documentation; and
- E. Inmate grievances, providing number of grievances by category, for total population, on a monthly basis.

The JAG shall be responsible for forwarding all information provided under this section to the Cities. The frequency and nature of the requested reports may be changed by mutual agreement.

6. Inmate Housing Classification.

- A. Yakima County will maintain an inmate housing classification system, and will assist the JAG to understand classification issues that affect Cities' inmates' housing assignments.
- B. Yakima County will, consistent with Yakima County's operational necessity, provide Settling Cities reasonable advance notice of changes to the classification system to permit comment.

7. JAG Meetings.

The YCDOC Director, or his/her designee, shall attend JAG meetings and report on any issues as requested.

8. Agreements with Other Cities

If Yakima County enters into an agreement with, or otherwise permits, a non-settling city that is a current party to the Agreement to house its inmates at Yakima County on terms more favorable than those contained in the Agreement or in this Settlement Agreement, such more favorable terms shall apply to all Settling Cities. For purposes of this section, "terms more favorable " shall include any term or condition applicable to housing inmates, such as minimum bed commitment, bed rates or other financial obligations, termination, or commitments or conditions for opening and operating the New Jail Facility, that, compared to the Agreement or this Settlement Agreement, provides some benefit or reduces some burden to the non-settling city.

9. Effect on Interlocal Agreement.

This Settlement Agreement is not intended to reduce the rights or obligations of Settling Cities and Yakima County contained in the Agreement except as it relates to the impacts of Terminating Cities as described above. The provisions of this Settlement

Agreement related to operational protocols are clarifications of the rights and obligations under the Agreement.

10. Advice of Counsel.

The Settling Cities and Yakima County warrant that they are each represented by counsel or have the opportunity for said representation and that counsel, if any, have fully explained the provisions of this Settlement Agreement and that all parties have had an opportunity to participate in its drafting.

11. Non-admission.

This Settlement is solely for the purpose of settling disputed claims and shall not be construed as an admission by Yakima or Settling Cities as an admission of any liability or wrongdoing.

12. Headings

The Section headings in this Settlement Agreement are inserted for convenience only and are not intended to be used in the interpretation of the contents of the Sections they introduce.

13. Severability.

If any of the provisions of this Settlement Agreement are held to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless continue to be valid and enforceable.

14. Binding Effect on Signatories

This Settlement Agreement shall be binding on Yakima County only after nine of the following cities: Auburn, Bellevue, Des Moines, Federal Way, Kirkland, Lake Forest Park, Mercer Island, Redmond, Shoreline, Snoqualmie, Tukwila, have executed this Settlement Agreement, and its effective date shall be the date the ninth of these cities executes this Settlement Agreement. Yakima County shall not delay executing the Settlement Agreement pending Settling Cities obtaining authorization from their legislative bodies to execute this Agreement.

15. Attorney's Fees and Costs.

Any attorney's fees and/or costs incurred by Settling Cities and/or Yakima related to the disputes resolved by this Settlement Agreement shall be borne by the respective party who incurred said fees or costs.

Breach of Settlement Agreement.

The prevailing party in any litigation brought to enforce this Settlement Agreement is entitled to reimbursement for its reasonable attorney's fees and all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in addition to any damages and equitable relief.

17. Governing Law

This Settlement Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington.

18. Counterpart Copies

This Settlement Agreement may be signed in counterpart or duplicate copies, and any signed counterpart or duplicate copy shall be equivalent to a signed original for all purposes.

	YAKIMA COUNTY
Date: May 15, 2007	_
Attest: Christina S. Steiner, Clerk of the Board	Michael D. Leita, Chairman Ronald F. Gamache, Commissioner J. Kand Elliott, Commissioner CONSTITUTING THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Approved as to form:	FOR YAKIMA COUNTY, WASHINGTON
Deputy Prosecuting Attorney	
City of Auburn	
Date:	Approved as to form:
Ву:	
	City Attorney
City of Bellevue	
Date:	Approved as to form:
Ву:	
	City Attorney

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