

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM
CITY OF SHORELINE, WASHINGTON

AGENDA TITLE: Annual Police Service Report DEPARTMENT: Police Department PRESENTED BY: Chief Dan Pingrey
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EXECUTIVE / COUNCIL SUMMARY

The 2007 Police Service Report is the eighth annual police report presented to the Council. The report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Shoreline Police Department to support its mission, goals and objectives. The report combines statistical crime data and clearance rates with analysis and interpretation. The goal of this report is to keep Shoreline residents, staff and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city.

Report Highlights:

- The Police Service Report is structured into the Service Highlights section and the Service Data section. Both provide a narrative of police efforts and year to year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Information compiled helps to determine if we are meeting the Police Departments primary goals:
 - To reduce crime and the fear of crime
 - To provide high quality, cost effective and accountable services to the City of Shoreline

The City of Shoreline experienced a significant drop in serious crime for the second consecutive year. This decrease was primarily due to a major reduction in auto thefts and burglaries. We also saw significant decreases in larcenies, thefts and car prowls. We continue to work hard in the areas of criminal investigations, public education and crime prevention. This emphasis along with the active involvement of our citizens in recognizing and reporting crimes is paying off.

The overall Part I serious crimes dropped from 42 per thousand residents in 2006 to 34 per thousand residents in 2007. The rate was 47 per thousand in 2005.

Traffic safety education along with enforcement action continues to be a high priority and as a result we saw a decrease in traffic accidents. Approximately 161 DUI arrests were made in 2007.

The average response times to life threatening calls continues to improve. It was an excellent 3.75 minutes, which is well below the national standard of five minutes. Shoreline Officers responded to 12,096 dispatched calls for service in 2007. Shoreline Officers made 13,153 self-initiated "On Views".

Our community police stations continue to provide excellent services to our local neighborhoods, including block watch, business watch, victim call backs, court notifications and vacation house checks, among others. We have a tremendous group of citizen volunteers who donate over 400 hours of service a month to their community and these programs.

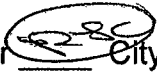
Compared to benchmark cities, Shoreline continues to have low crime rates while still having one of the lowest ratios of police officers per thousand residents and a cost per capita of only \$161. We continue to strive to provide outstanding value in our police services.

SUMMARY

Shoreline continues to be a safe community to live, work and play. We ask each citizen to join us in ensuring that this vision is maintained for years to come! The Police Department takes great pride in serving the residents of Shoreline and do our best job when the community is involved with us. We are excited to build upon the successes of the past 13 years.

RECOMMENDATION

No action is required

Approved By: City Manager  City Attorney _____

ATTACHMENTS

A. City of Shoreline 2007 Police Service Report



CITY OF SHORELINE
ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA
2007

Provided for the Residents by:

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City of Shoreline Administration

MAYOR	Bob Ransom
DEPUTY MAYOR	Maggie Fimia
COUNCIL MEMBERS	Rich Gustafson Ronald Hansen Keith McGlashan Cindy Ryu Janet Way
CITY MANAGER	Robert Olander
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Tony Burt

March 2008

Dear Residents of Shoreline,

I am pleased to present the eighth annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report. This report serves as our "report card" and highlights crime trends, crime prevention efforts, and overall performance for 2007. This year, the format of the report, as well as its name, has been updated to make the information and data more user-friendly and accessible. You can read more about the report's update and contents in the "About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report" section.



The City of Shoreline experienced a significant drop in serious crime for the second consecutive year. This decrease was largely due to major reductions in auto thefts and burglaries. The Police Department has aggressively worked to reduce these crimes and our efforts have paid off. We have worked hard in the areas of criminal investigations, public education, and crime prevention.

In addition, there were dramatic decreases in larcenies, thefts, and car prowls. Our traffic accidents were also down. Traffic safety is one of our top priorities and making our streets safe for drivers and pedestrians is something we take very seriously.

Shoreline Police officers responded to 12,096 dispatched calls for service, which represents a decrease from 2006. The average response time to life threatening calls was an excellent 3.75 minutes, which is well below the national standard of five minutes and is faster than 2006 response times.

Our community police stations continue to provide excellent services, including block watches, business watches, victim call backs, court notifications, and vacation house checks. We have a strong cadre of volunteers who donate more than 400 hours a month in service to their community and these programs.

Shoreline is a safe community to live, work and play. We ask each citizen to consider joining us in our efforts by starting or joining a neighborhood watch program, becoming a volunteer, or signing up for the Civilian Emergency Responder Training (CERT) and the Citizen's Police Academy. The Police Department takes great pride in serving the residents of Shoreline. We do our very best job when the community is involved with us. We are excited to continue to build upon the success of the past 13 years!

Respectfully Submitted,

Tony Burt, Chief of Police
City of Shoreline Police Department



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About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Shoreline Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of Shoreline residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of Shoreline Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the Shoreline chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

Shoreline Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Mission

The mission of the Shoreline Police Department is to prevent crime and create an environment where people feel safe, while providing quality, professional law enforcement services designed to improve public safety.

Core Values

The Shoreline Police are committed to the core values of Leadership, Integrity, Service and Teamwork. We firmly believe in our core values and let these values guide all work that we do in the community.

Goals & Objectives

In order to realize this mission, the City of Shoreline Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce crime and the fear of crime

Objective: Use information for crime analysis

Objective: Apprehend offenders

Objective: Prevent crime

Objective: Improve residents' feeling of security

Goal # 2: Provide high-quality, cost-effective, and accountable services to the City of Shoreline

Objective: Provide responsive services to residents.

Objective: Provide cost-effective services to residents.

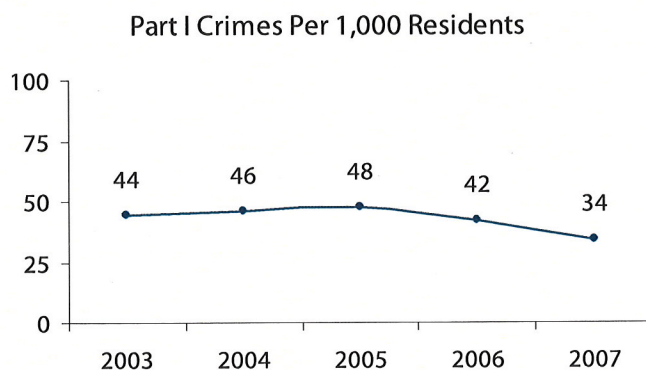




City of Shoreline **Police Service Highlights** 2007

Shoreline's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

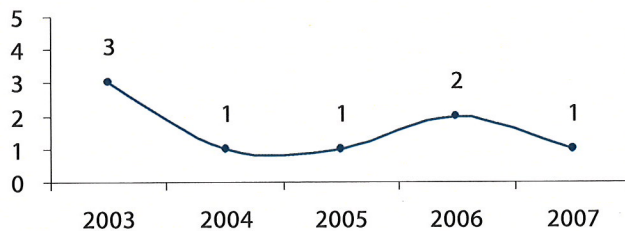


Source: Police Services Data

Part I Violent Crimes against People

Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as "violent crimes" or "crimes against people." The following are Shoreline's Part I Violent Crimes.

Murder

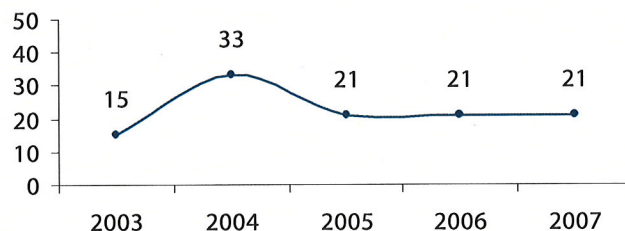


Source for all below: Police Services Data

Murder

The following situations are not included in this crime classification: deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are counted as aggravated assaults.

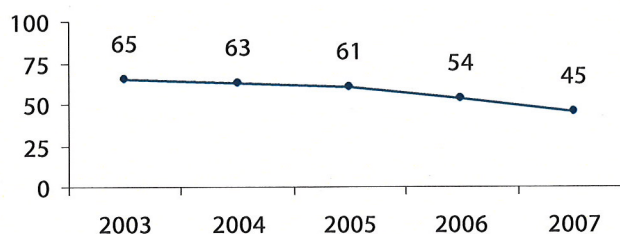
Rape



Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.

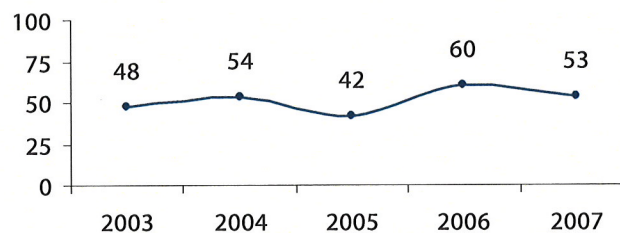
Aggravated Assault



Aggravated Assault

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Robbery



Robbery

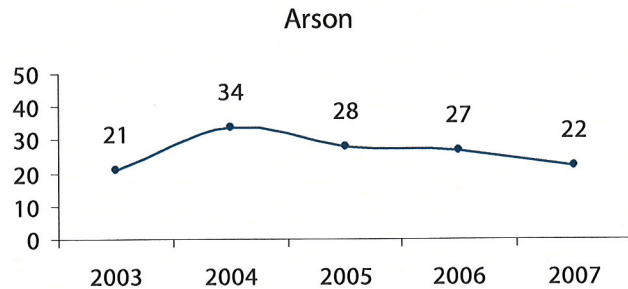
Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as "non-violent crimes," "crimes against property," or "property crimes." The following are Shoreline's Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson

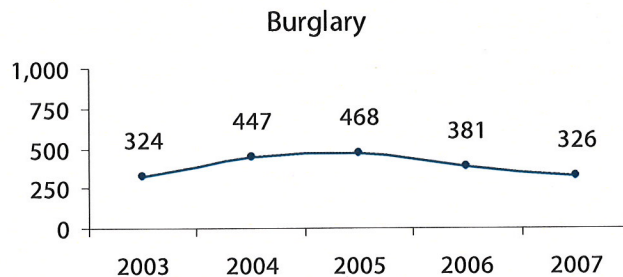
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

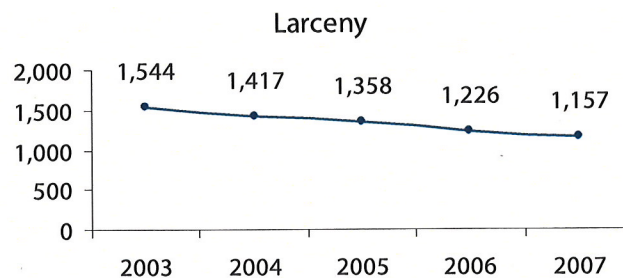
Burglary (breaking or entering)

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.



Larceny (except vehicles)

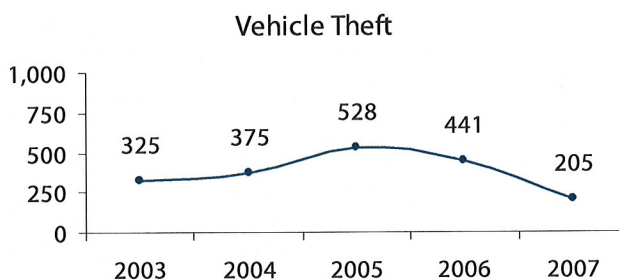
Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.



Traffic and Automobile Incident Information

Vehicle theft

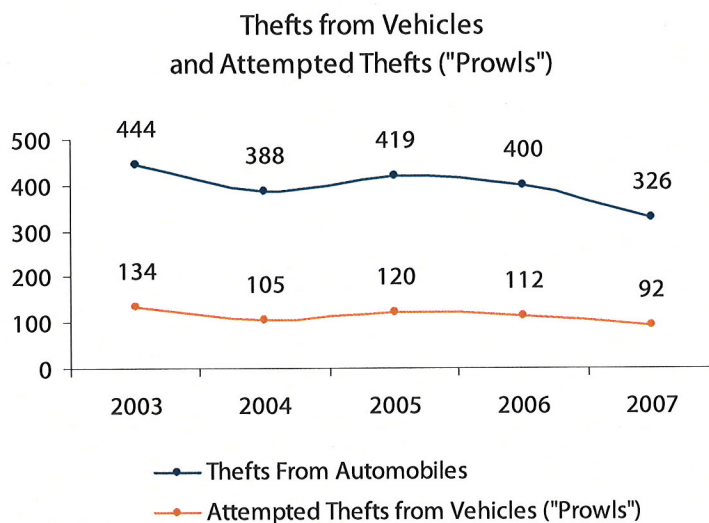
Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

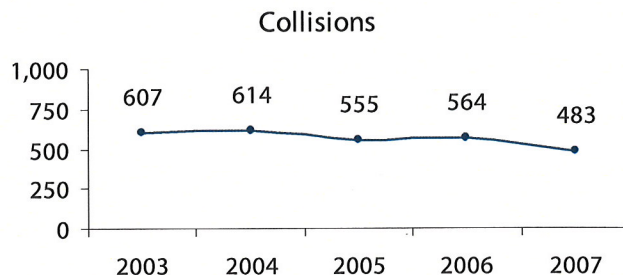
A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile.



Source: Police Services Data and CAD System

Traffic Collisions

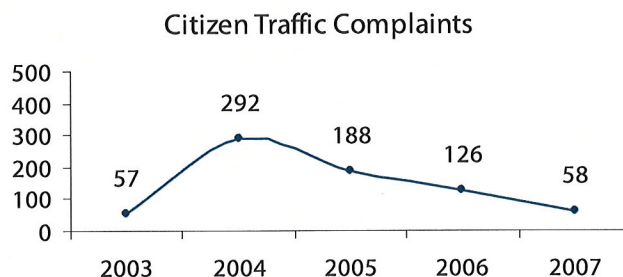
Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions are excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Citizen Traffic Complaints

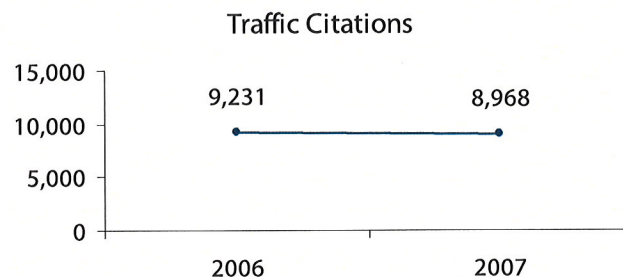
Citizen traffic complaints include all reports residents make regarding chronic traffic violations and requests for traffic enforcement. Complaints are assigned out to specific traffic enforcement units as well as patrol and are worked on a regular basis. Some complaints are resolved relatively quickly, while others become on-going traffic enforcement projects.



Source: City of Shoreline

Traffic Citations

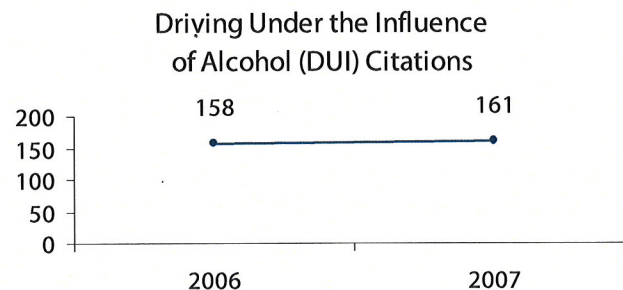
Traffic citations include reports of all moving/hazardous violations (such as all accidents, driving under the influence, speeding, and reckless driving), and non-moving compliance violations (such as defective equipment and parking violations).



Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2006. Therefore, only two years of data are available.

DUI Citations

Driving under the influence of alcohol citations are included in the above count for traffic citations, but are broken out here to show trends.



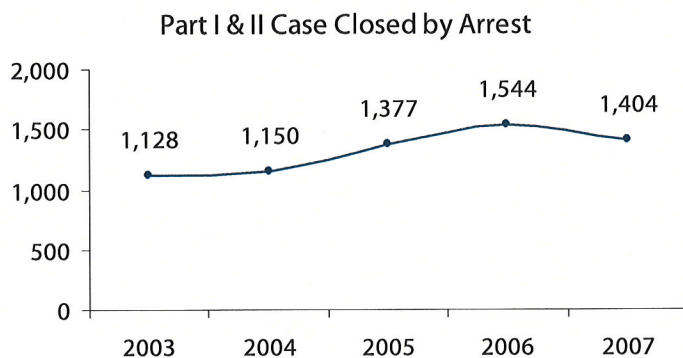
Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2006. Therefore, only two years of data are available.

 **Note:** Starting in 2006, the City of Shoreline police began using a more accurate method of tracking both traffic and DUI citations. This new method of tracking reports will more accurately reflect the work Shoreline Police Department is doing in the community. Older data using the previous tracking method is not shown here because it is not comparable to newer data.



Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

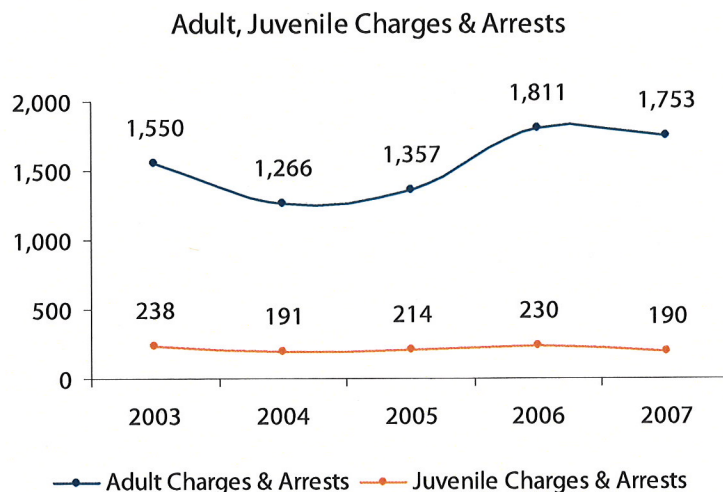
The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor's Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.



Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.



Source: Police Services Data

Special Emphasis Team (SET) Case Highlights and Seizures

The Shoreline Police Department Special Emphasis Team (SET) consists of one sergeant and three detectives. The responsibilities of this unit are quite varied and are flexible to suit the crime trend concerns in our city. This unit typically works in plain clothes and drives unmarked cars to increase surveillance abilities. The unit members have received extensive training in surveillance, case development, and interviewing techniques.

The unit works closely with the King County Sheriff's Office Criminal Investigations Unit and our patrol officers, whose drug related arrests are further investigated by the SET. Unit members also investigate Narcotic Activity Reports (NARs) from citizens, as well as vice activity and drug cases initiated by the unit. The following statistics are highlights of team's work in 2007.

Case Highlight #1

Approximately two years ago, the SET team served a narcotics search warrant in our city. The suspect in this case plead guilty to all of the criminal charges. We just recently finished the asset forfeiture hearing for this case and were awarded approximately \$45,000 in cash, which will go into our drug fund (as per state law) for equipment and training.

Case Highlight #2

Shoreline Police SET detectives worked with an informant who assisted them in recovering four stolen vehicles. One of the vehicles was occupied at the time SET detectives located it. Seattle Police Department assisted the detectives, stopped the car, and the suspect was arrested without incident.

Case Highlight #3

Shoreline Police SET detectives received information that a subject in a local tavern had several warrants out for his arrest. SET detectives conducted surveillance on the tavern and promptly arrested the suspect as he walked out of the tavern. The suspect had a total of three felony warrants. When detectives searched the suspect after placing him under arrest they found he was in possession of cocaine, heroin and methamphetamine.

Case Highlight #4

Shoreline Police SET detectives were successful in identifying a prostitution suspect who was responsible for putting a 13-year-old girl out on Aurora for the purposes of prostitution. After a six week investigation, SET detectives identified the male suspect and filed charges against him for promoting prostitution.





2007 Special Emphasis Team (SET) Highlights

Prostitutes Arrested:	50
Drug-related arrests:	262
Drugs Seized:	
Cocaine	658.75 grams
Heroin	111.8 grams
Marijuana (bulk)	18,195 grams
Marijuana (plants)	864 plants
Methamphetamine	35.5 grams
Ecstasy	397 tablets
Oxycontin	362 tablets
Money Seized:	\$45,564.71
Vehicles Seized:	5
Weapons Seized:	4 handguns

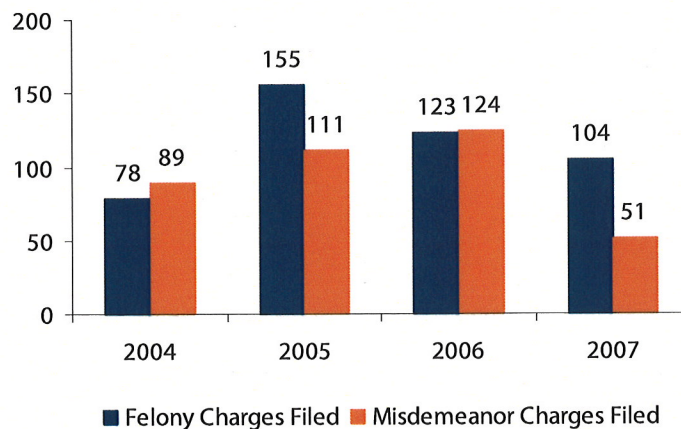
Photos show cash and marijuana plant seizures made by the Shoreline Police Department Special Emphasis Team (SET).



Felony and Misdemeanor Charges Filed and Warrants Served

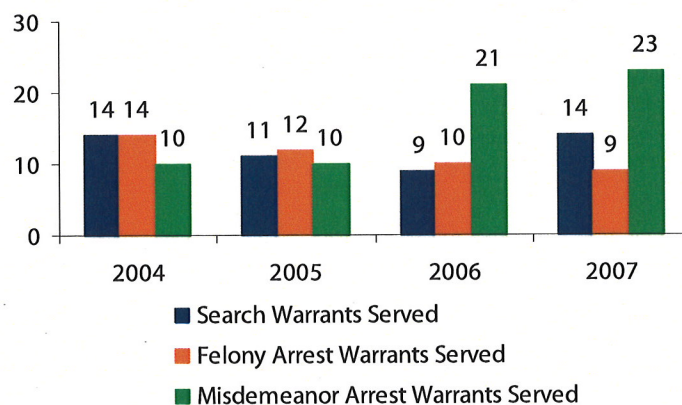
The statistics below pertain to arrests and charges filed specifically by the Special Emphasis Team Unit.

Felony and Misdemeanor Charges Filed



Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2004. Therefore, only four years of data are available.

Warrant Types Served



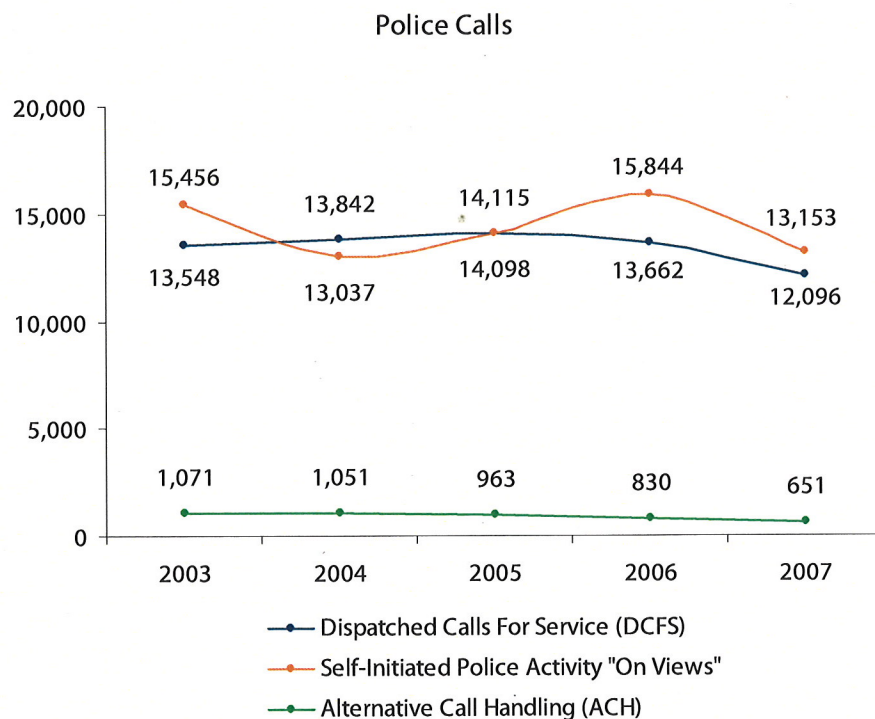
Source: City of Shoreline. Note that the city began collecting this information in 2004. Therefore, only four years of data are available.

Calls for Police Assistance

The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. People can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a "dispatched call for service." The public can also be assisted when an officer witnesses or "on-views" an accident, crime, or other police need in the field.

In addition to dispatched calls for service and on-views, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS), on-views, and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.



Source: Police Services Data and CAD



Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS): The number of DCFS shown here includes calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and that are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Total DCFS counts, as shown in the Police Service Data section, may be slightly higher (usually less than 5 percent higher).



Response Times to High Priority Calls

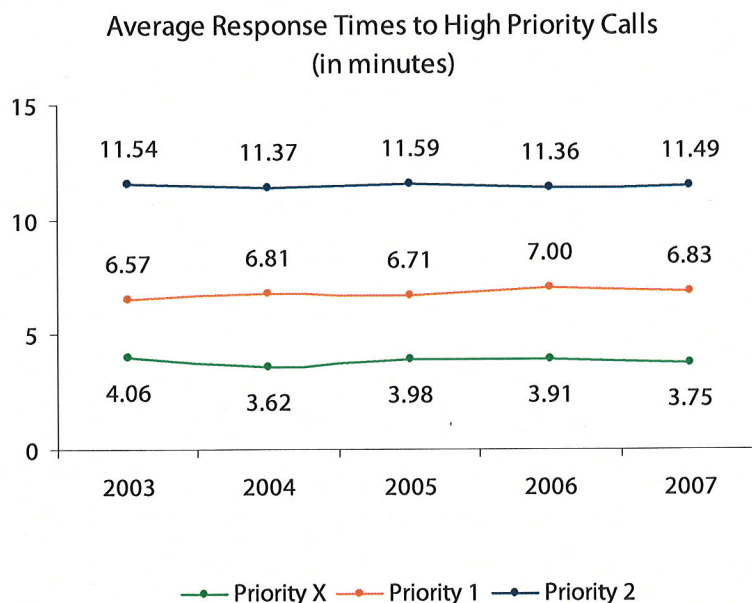
When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a "priority" based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

"Priority X" designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

"Priority 1" designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

"Priority 2" designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of Shoreline's Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.



Source: Police Services Data

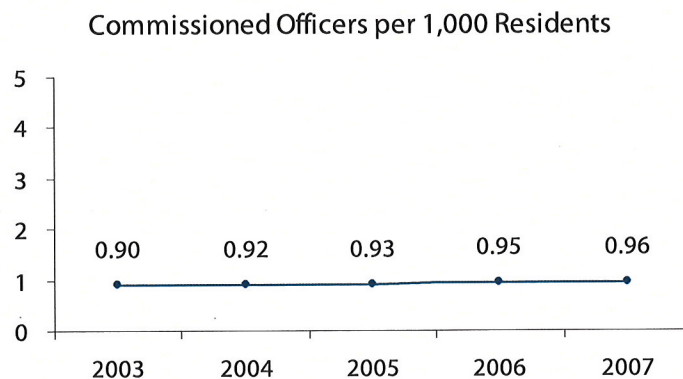


Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by emergency response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.



Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

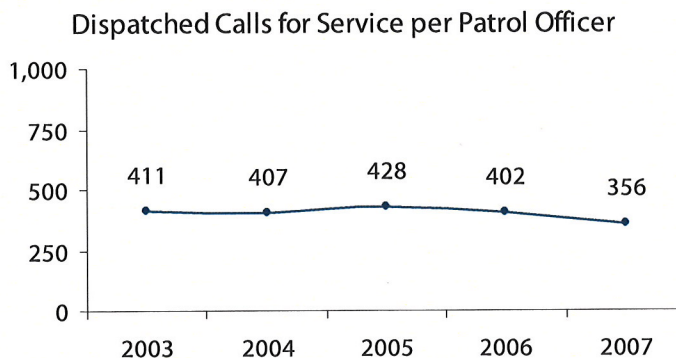
Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by Shoreline for every 1,000 residents. This number includes commissioned officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions as well as special services officers who work part-time for the city. It does not include professional (i.e. non-commissioned) support staff.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls Shoreline pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing and responding to traffic violations, called "on views"). Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).



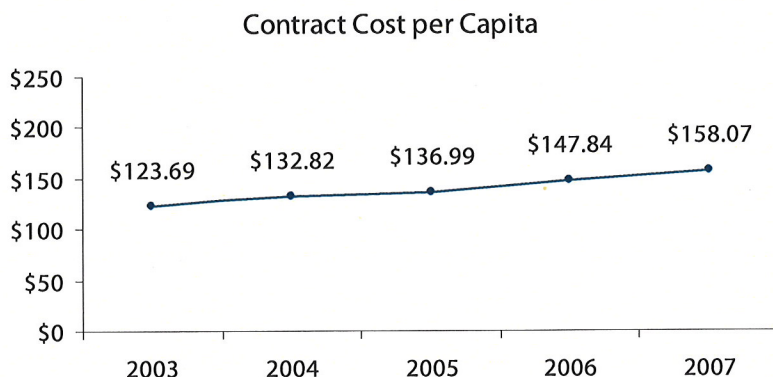
Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of Shoreline contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

- Mutual aid agreements with other law enforcement agencies in Washington State
- A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
- Coverage if city officers are away
- Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
- More experienced officers to select from for city staffing
- Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

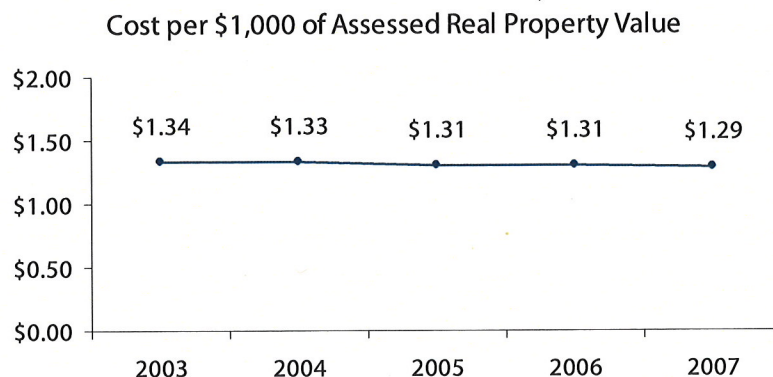
Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of Shoreline may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by Shoreline's population.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Cost per \$1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value

Cost per \$1,000 of assessed real property value shows Shoreline's contract cost in relationship to the property values of Shoreline.



Source: King County Assessor's Office

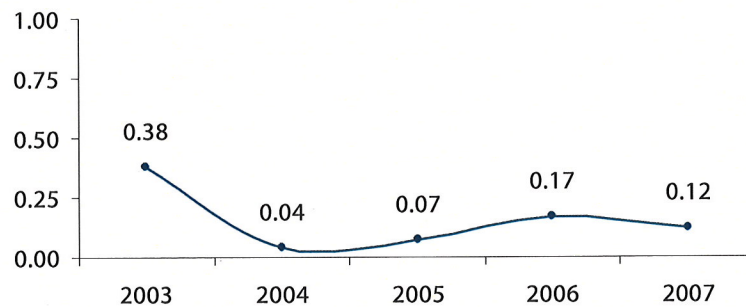


Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff's Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU), which reports directly to the Sheriff, will review the complaint and determine whether a formal complaint investigation should be made. The following are the total number of internal and external complaints that were formally investigated for City of Shoreline officers:

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of Complaints	11	1	2	5	3
Number of Police Contacts (DCFS & Self-initiated "On-View" Police Contacts)	29,004	26,879	28,213	29,506	25,249

Complaints per 1,000 Police Contacts



Source: KCSO Internal Investigations Unit

Crime Prevention

Shoreline Police Department strives to do all it can to prevent the next crime from occurring. Storefront officers and volunteers continue to develop and implement crime prevention, community education, and training programs providing these to citizens of all ages in the community.

Police not only partner with citizens and businesses in their crime prevention efforts, but team with a group of specially trained police volunteers. Police volunteers enhance the capabilities of the department in our endeavors to provide services and programs and to educate and collaborate with the community.

The following are several examples of crime prevention programs and services brought to you by your Police Department and police volunteers. For more information about these programs, contact the Shoreline Police Department at (206) 546-6730 or pd@ci.shoreline.wa.us.

Involving our Youth

City Council goal #10 states a goal of "Increasing opportunity for all residents, including our youth, to get more involved in neighborhood safety and improvement programs." Shoreline Police continuously work with youth in our community through various safety education programs as well as the Police Explorer Program. In 2007, Explorers assisted with crime prevention efforts at Celebrate Shoreline as well as providing support for police through other community events. Additionally, storefront officers provided a wide variety of safety presentations for school-aged children such as water safety, bicycle safety, and internet safety. Contacts were made with youth from public schools, private schools, and home-schooled teens seeking to learn more about crime prevention, law enforcement, and safety in their communities. Officers also work with youth at Shoreline schools and private schools, teaching the Washington Traffic Safety Commission School Safety Patrol Program.

Block Watch

Block Watch promotes partnerships between police and citizens to prevent crime. Education about crime prevention, reporting crimes and suspicious activity, Operation ID, and continued citizen involvement are key components of Block Watch.

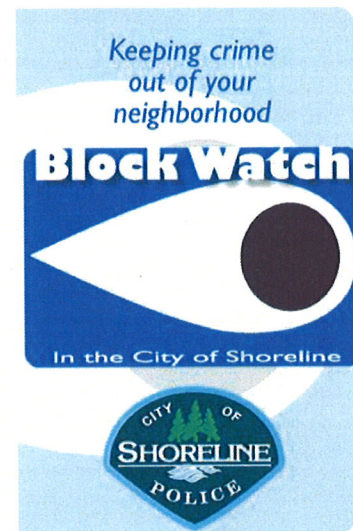
Block Watches participated in the 2007 National Night Out against Crime and registered 23 block parties with the Police Department. Shoreline Police, including command staff, attended the neighborhood parties.

With assistance from the city, a majority of the Block Watch materials have been updated and most are available electronically.

Business Watch

Business Watch is an umbrella of several programs offered to the business community. Business Watch Programs include:

- Retail Theft Program (RTP)
- Security surveys known as CPTED (SEP-ted) or Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- E-911 Business Emergency Notification
- Crime Free Multi-Unit Housing (CFMUH) Program, also known as the Landlord Training Program.



In February, the Shoreline Chamber of Commerce was given a Business Watch presentation, during which participants received pertinent information on crime prevention, the Merchant Alert System, and CPTED surveys. During the presentation, businesses were asked to keep their E-911 emergency contacts up to date.

In 2007, volunteers from our Eastside Storefront made in-person contact with each business in North City. Approximately 64 of these businesses have joined our Merchant Alert System, which is yet another way for our storefront officers to quickly disseminate electronic information relevant to our business community in the event of a significant crime trend.

Officers, police volunteers, and Shoreline business representatives attended the Organized Retail Crimes Conference hosted by the U.S. Attorney's Office, the Economic Crimes Task Force and the Northwest Organized Retail Crimes Task Force. Presenters included the FBI, Washington State Attorney General's Office, and federal and local prosecutors.

Volunteers in Police Service

Volunteers are an integral part of the services provided to Shoreline citizens. Details about the police volunteer program can now be found in a new brochure on our website.

Police volunteers manage many programs vital to Shoreline's Crime prevention efforts, including:

- Vacation House Checks
- Victim Call Back
- Citizen Park Patrol
- Court Reminder
- Senior Interaction Group
- False Alarm Reduction
- Pawn Shop Support
- Crime Analysis
- E-911 Business Emergency Notification
- Residential and business CPTED surveys
- Business Watch publications and crime maps
- Memory Impaired Assistance Program

Volunteers take part in annual training and recognition. This year, they toured the Regional Communications and Emergency Coordination Center, the Automated Fingerprint Identification System's latent lab (where they got a hands-on fingerprinting demonstration) and the Marine Unit. Each year, they train in CPR and AED, and a host of other community and law enforcement trainings made available to them. Some of the myriad training opportunities available to volunteers include CERT (Citizen Emergency Response Teams), Citizen's Academy, Domestic Violence Awareness, Fraud and Identity Theft prevention, and Retail Crimes. Our volunteers are proud to be registered members of Citizen Corps/VIPS (Volunteers in Police Service).

Court Reminder Program

In 2007, volunteers made 3,338 telephone calls to people to remind them of a scheduled court date. This nationally recognized program continues to show significant decreases in failure-to-appears, thus providing a savings for the community.



Victim Call Back Program

Police storefront volunteers provided crime prevention services and information on more than 500 incidents to crime victims. These services included such measures as home security checklists, business and home security surveys, laptop theft prevention, identity theft brochures, auto theft and car prowl prevention tips, mail theft prevention, and follow-up reports.

Crime Prevention Publications

Getting the word out and educating citizens about crime prevention and crime trends in the city is vital. Storefronts continue to publish crime prevention articles and information in neighborhood newsletters, the city newsletter *Currents*, *Shoreline Enterprise*, and the city website. Storefronts also continue to work with King County Sheriff's Office to publish monthly neighborhood crime maps.

Block Watch News, *Business Watch News*, *Business Watch Monthly*, crime summaries and maps, and information about other areas of crime prevention such as auto theft and scams are available on the City of Shoreline website. To find this information, navigate to www.cityofshoreline.com and click "Police" under the "Departments" dropdown menu.

Business Watch News includes topics addressing burglary and robbery prevention as well as shop lift prevention and internal theft. Storefronts publish monthly *Business Watch Crime Maps and Summaries* that track burglary locations and methods of entry. Businesses are encouraged to employ crime prevention and building security to better safeguard themselves and their businesses.

Community Education Efforts

Police storefronts continue to develop and offer a wide variety of programs to the community. The following are some examples.

Anti Auto Theft Program

In 2007, auto theft in Shoreline has dropped substantially. Statistics show that the total number of auto thefts in 2007 is half the number of auto thefts reported in 2006. This reduction is likely due to joint efforts by police, prosecutors, and citizens.

Shoreline Police kicked off their anti auto theft program in November of 2006. In addition to more aggressive prosecution by the King County Prosecutors office, police encouraged citizens to help them combat auto theft. Prevention tips were advertised in brochures, the city channel, and the police website. One of the prevention tools was a steering wheel lock device known as the "Club." Shoreline Police sell the Club at a substantial discount. To date, we have sold more than 2,000 clubs to Shoreline citizens. Clubs may be purchased at the main precinct and neighborhood storefronts.

Community Training/Activities

Each year, the City of Shoreline Police Department hosts a wide variety of programs aimed at preventing and reducing crimes, assisting victims, reaching out to youth, communicating with the community, and protecting citizens. The following are some examples of the training opportunities and activities that the Police Department provided to the community.

- Citizen's Academy
- Personal Safety Training/Presentations
- Crime Free Multi-Unit Housing (known as Landlord Training Program)
- Senior Interaction Group
- Residential/Commercial Security Surveys
- Retail Theft Program
- Annual Volunteer Recognition & Training
- Community Crime Prevention Articles
- Bicycle Registration Program
- Business Watch
- National Night Out
- School Safety Patrol Training
- Court Reminder Program
- Crime Analysis
- Vacation House Checks
- False Alarm Reduction Program
- Citizen Park Patrol
- Victim Call Back Program
- Identity Theft Prevention Education
- Block Watch
- Memory Impaired Assistance Program

Memory Impaired Assistance Program

It is estimated that 59% of people with Alzheimer's disease will wander and become lost. Other conditions such as Down Syndrome, Autism, Prader-Willi or traumatic brain injury can also create a tendency to wander or become lost. Shoreline Police offers a free program to assist in the recovery of memory impaired people who are lost or have wandered away from their residences or caregivers.

Shoreline residents can contact one of their storefront offices to schedule a registration time. Trained police volunteers will arrange a time to meet with you and the memory impaired person at your location. A digital photo will be taken (both face and full length). Registration forms are completed and a wristband is placed on the registered person. On the band will be:

(ID number)
Memory Impaired Assistance Program
Shoreline Police Department
IF LOCATED, CALL 911

If a memory impaired person in the program wanders away, the family or caregiver should immediately call 9-1-1 to report it. If the participant has already been registered in the Shoreline Memory Impaired Assistance Program, the caregiver should be ready to give the emergency call receiver the missing person's identification number, as written on the wristband. The 9-1-1 call receiver will have the police dispatcher send an officer to talk to the reporting person for more detail.

If a missing person wearing the Memory Impaired Assistance Program band is found, the reporting party will call 9-1-1, identify the missing person as a participant in the program with Shoreline Police, and give the 9-1-1 call receiver the band identification number.

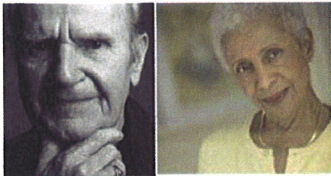
The 9-1-1 call receiver will dispatch an officer, who will contact the found person and confirm registration information. The caregiver will then be notified so that they can take them home.

More information about this program is available on the Shoreline Police Department website.



Memory Impaired Assistance Program

>>>
Shoreline Police



What you need to know if you or someone you care for is Memory Impaired

Part of Shoreline Police Department's Senior Interaction Group Program

Public Communication and Education Efforts

Communication with and education of the public about crime trends, crime prevention, and personal safety are priorities for the Shoreline Police Department. In 2007, your police initiated numerous activities and programs to get involved in the community. We encourage you to take advantage of these programs in 2008 and to come get involved in your community with us!

Sunset Elementary School Winners

Each year, Sunset Elementary School hosts a walk-a-thon for their students to raise money for the school. One of the prizes offered is a tour of the police department and a ride in a police car, a prize that Officer Leona Obstler of our Westside Storefront Office has been offering for several years. This year's winners were Luke Gersmehl-Hudson and Saul Flores. Officer Obstler picked the two up at school in her patrol car and brought them to the Police Department for a tour. The boys met with Chief Burt and Captain Baxter and talked about the role of the police in our community. Congratulations to both boys for a job well done!



Joint Training between Police and Fire Departments

Communication is an essential component that ensures that we all do the very best job possible for the communities we serve. Firefighters, paramedics, and police work together regularly but do not often have joint training that addresses common issues. For example, many firefighters and paramedics say they have never received any training regarding crime scene integrity. To respond to this need for joint training, Shoreline Fire Battalion Chief Steve Taylor and Shoreline Police Sergeant Katie Larson organized one of the first joint training exercises between police and fire of its kind.

In January, King County Sheriff's Office Major Crimes Unit detectives Christina Bartlett and Mike Mellis, along with King County Medical Examiners Office lead investigator Al Noriega, met with firefighters and paramedics from the Shoreline Fire Department to provide training concerning major crime scene investigations. In addition to crime scene preservation, they presented information regarding on-the-job personal safety, approaching a potential crime scene, and working within a crime scene.

Because of the training, firefighters and paramedics in Shoreline now have a much better understanding and appreciation for law enforcement's roles and responsibilities in these types of situations. It is our hope that the training provided will strengthen our working relationship with the Fire Department and that this joint training class will be just one of many conducted by both our departments in the future.

Beach Rescue 2007

On September 5, 2007, the City of Shoreline participated in a full scale train derailment exercise at Richmond Beach Salt Water Park. This exercise was sponsored by the City of Edmonds and hosted by the City of Shoreline, working in partnership with Burlington Northern-Santa Fe Railway. The purpose of this exercise was to evaluate current response plans and capabilities for an isolated mass casualty incident caused by a train derailment.



Beach Rescue 2007 was designed to establish a learning environment for players to exercise emergency response plans, training, and equipment in a mock train-related mass-casualty incident in an isolated area.

In preparation for Beach Rescue 2007, on July 31, 2007, we arranged for a demonstration/ training from the King County Sheriff's Office Air Support Unit, in order to familiarize members of Shoreline Fire, North Shore Fire, Bothell Fire, and the Edmonds Fire Department with the various resources available via the unit.

After landing at Shorewood High School, Guardian One pilots demonstrated the helicopter's video downlink imaging technology capability as well as the thermal imaging and FLIR (forward-looking infrared radiometer) capabilities. Guardian Two's emergency rescue capabilities were also demonstrated before three battalion fire chiefs rode on board the aircraft to see the rescue equipment used in person.

Beach Rescue 2007 event took approximately 18 months in the planning. As you can see from the pictures here, this was a full-scale drill with a large police and fire response. The photo shows Shoreline Police and Fire, Edmonds Police and Fire, plus many other emergency vehicles from surrounding fire departments.

Many different agencies, with many different capabilities, worked together to make the exercise a successful one. Gail Marsh, the City of Shoreline Emergency Management Coordinator, opened Shoreline's Emergency Operations Center in an abbreviated capacity. Edmonds Police and Fire utilized their new boat for off-shore evacuation. The King County Sheriff's Office Guardian One utilized their down link imaging capability so that those in the command post could view what was happening on the rail way. Guardian One also used the thermal imaging equipment to locate a mock victim "thrown from the



CITY OF
SHORELINE

train" and concealed in the blackberry bushes.

Thank you to all of Citizen Emergency Response Teams and police volunteers who gave up their day to participate in the drill as "victims" on the train. Their day began at about 7 a.m. so that the Shoreline Fire Department could do a proper "moulage" (injury simulation).

Thank you to the Shoreline Parks Department and Citizen Response Team for providing site security during this event.



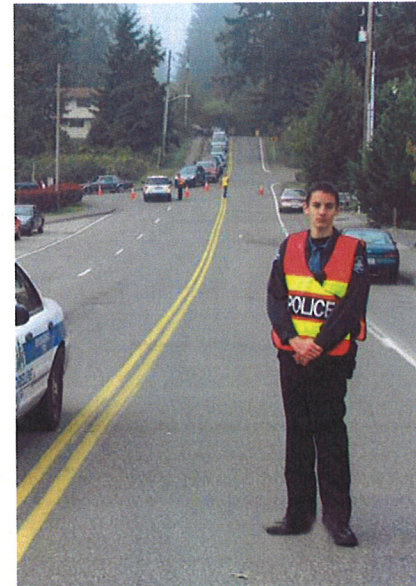
Explorer Program

The Explorer Program is designed to provide the youth of King County an opportunity to observe, learn, and participate in law enforcement activities and community service projects, and to develop leadership and organizational skills.

Shoreline's seven police explorers volunteered a total of approximately 1,693 hours in 2007. In addition to attending bi-monthly meetings, the explorers also volunteered their time assisting at numerous civic events throughout the year.

On October 26, 2007, the Shoreline Police Department Explorers assisted the city with the Annual Hamlin Haunt. Pam Barrett, the city's organizer for this event, wrote to us and said, "Please let the explorers know how much we appreciate their services at the Hamlin Haunt. Events such as this one really require their attention and I appreciate their willingness to give up a Friday evening to help out."

In fall 2007, explorers also assisted in working traffic control at the Shoreline Fall Recycle event. Shoreline Police Explorer Jess Whitman, in the photo here, was one of our explorers volunteering at this event.



Community Interaction

The Shoreline Police Department participated in numerous civic events throughout the year. Here are just a few of the highlights.

Richmond Beach Strawberry Festival

On May 5, 2007, the Shoreline Police Department took part in the Richmond Beach Strawberry Festival. Officer Obstler of our Westside Storefront Office set up our booth and was available to talk to many of the participants regarding the services offered by the Police Department.

We also showcased one of the King County Sheriff's Office mobile command post vehicles. This 39-foot-long motor home is typically used on search and rescue missions, but can be used during many other types of emergencies and is available to Shoreline should we need it. It has direct phone line capabilities, LCD projectors, VF and HAM radio, and many other special features.



Ridgecrest Ice Cream Social



On August 16, 2007, Sgt. Katie Larson and Detective Diana Magan set up our police booth at the Ridgecrest Ice Cream Social. They handed out Block Watch Program information and 9-1-1 stickers and coloring books to kids.

The King County Sheriff's Office Marine Unit sent our Officers Cindi West and Charlie Akers to talk with folks about marine safety. They brought along "Charlie," a remote controlled boat used to interact specifically with children.

Special Olympics Torch Run

Since its inception, the Shoreline Police Department has taken part in many different events surrounding the Special Olympics and 2007 was no different. On June 1, 2007, the Shoreline Police Department, lead by Chief Burt (who ran in Hawaiian shorts), took part in the Special Olympics Torch run. The Edmonds Police Department handed off the torch to us at North 205th and we ran the length of the city, meeting the Seattle Police Department at North 145th. This is a great event and anyone who would like to run with us is encouraged to do so!



Shoreline Police Officer of the Year 2007

Officer Leona Obstler of our Westside Storefront Office was selected as the Shoreline Police Department's Police Officer of the Year for 2007. Leona has been a police officer for 22 years, with much of that time spent as a patrol officer in Shoreline.

Officer Obstler is entering her eighth year as a storefront officer. She wears many hats as a storefront officer and her ability to multi-task is one of her greatest attributes. Officer Obstler currently supervises 14 volunteer employees. These volunteers play a key role in helping several of our programs remain highly successful. Many of Officer Obstler's volunteers have been with her since she took over the Westside Storefront. No doubt much of that longevity can be attributed to the positive environment that Officer Obstler has created.



Sheriff Sue Rahr and Shoreline Police Chief Tony Burtt present Shoreline Officer Leona Obstler with her 2007 Deputy of the Year award.

Officer Obstler oversees or provides community training in a total of 16 different programs. If all of this weren't enough, Officer Obstler also spearheads the "Annual Night out Against Crime" campaign. Last year, approximately 23 neighborhoods participated in this event! In addition to attending many of the events herself, she also organized all of the police department's resources. She made sure that each participating neighborhood saw at least one law enforcement representative at their outing.

Officer Obstler constantly has her police radio on and is not hesitant to respond to patrol calls for service. Rarely does the patrol sergeant have to ask for her to respond because, typically, she's already in route.

Officer Obstler exceeds standards in everything she does. The sheer amount of work that Officer Obstler initiates and oversees is truly staggering. She is the consummate professional, her multi-tasking skills are second to none, and her pride and dedication to the Shoreline Police Department and the residents she serves is exemplary.

Congratulations Officer Obstler!

City Cost Comparison

The city cost comparison study is conducted annually by the King County Sheriff's Office Contracts Unit. The study accounts for city budget differences and may factor in (or factor out) certain line items in an effort to allow for "apples-to-apples" comparison between cities. Cities that provided only partial information for this study are not included below.

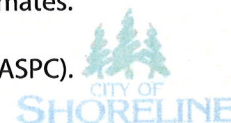
Shoreline's cost per capita shown here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes law enforcement contract costs paid to the county. The following budget information is obtained directly from the city's budget, which includes additional funding for extra police services.

City	2007 Police Budget	2007 Population	2007 Budgeted Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000	2006 Crime Rate
Algona	\$709,928	2,725	6.00	\$261	\$118,321	2.20	16.30
Auburn	\$15,715,145	50,424	88.00	\$312	\$178,581	1.75	79.40
Beaux Arts	\$21,640	310	0.10	\$70	\$216,400	0.32	NR
Bellevue	\$36,487,139	118,100	174.00	\$309	\$209,696	1.47	38.10
Bothell	\$10,016,919	32,641	57.00	\$307	\$175,735	1.75	32.10
Burien	\$6,957,408	31,410	39.63	\$222	\$175,559	1.26	67.50
Covington	\$2,241,250	17,190	12.99	\$130	\$172,537	0.76	32.90
Des Moines	\$8,216,075	29,090	47.00	\$282	\$174,810	1.62	45.20
Duvall	\$1,571,373	5,845	16.00	\$269	\$98,211	2.74	6.60
Federal Way	\$19,333,418	87,390	137.00	\$221	\$141,120	1.57	64.00
Kenmore	\$2,647,310	19,940	15.25	\$133	\$173,594	0.76	31.80
Kent	\$23,253,593	86,660	130.00	\$268	\$178,874	1.50	80.00
Kirkland	\$12,023,674	47,890	72.20	\$251	\$166,533	1.51	41.70
Lake Forest Park	\$2,829,172	12,770	21.00	\$222	\$134,722	1.64	26.50
Lynnwood	\$10,852,113	35,490	71.00	\$306	\$152,847	2.00	89.40
Maple Valley	\$2,100,138	20,020	11.81	\$105	\$177,827	0.59	19.20
Mercer Island	\$4,964,895	22,380	31.00	\$222	\$160,158	1.39	22.30
Mukilteo	\$3,285,400	19,940	25.00	\$165	\$131,416	1.25	44.70
Newcastle	\$1,288,566	9,550	7.97	\$135	\$161,677	0.83	33.80
Normandy Park	\$1,767,762	6,435	12.00	\$275	\$147,314	1.86	20.60
North Bend	\$1,257,392	4,705	6.93	\$267	\$181,442	1.47	43.50
Puyallup	\$13,818,253	36,790	58.00	\$376	\$238,246	1.58	84.00
Renton	\$19,750,056	60,290	99.00	\$328	\$199,496	1.64	80.30
Sammamish	\$3,904,790	40,260	23.74	\$97	\$164,481	0.59	12.20
SeaTac	\$7,377,899	25,530	43.90	\$289	\$168,061	1.72	86.40
Seattle	\$208,345,000	586,200	1,277.00	\$355	\$163,152	2.18	75.90
Shoreline	\$8,565,437	53,190	50.24	\$161	\$170,490	0.94	41.80
Skykomish	\$21,063	210	0.13	\$100	\$162,023	0.62	NR
Sumner	\$3,757,510	9,035	20.00	\$416	\$187,876	2.21	60.60
Tukwila	\$11,993,986	18,000	67.00	\$666	\$179,015	3.72	189.60
Woodinville	\$2,048,409	10,390	11.12	\$197	\$184,209	1.07	64.30
Average			84.90	\$249	\$169,175	1.50	52.78

Data sources:



1. City budgets are found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from Washington State Office of Financial Management (OFM) estimates.
3. Total sworn numbers are from city budgets.
4. Crime rates are from the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC).
Crime rates for 2007 were not yet released at this report's publish date.



City of Shoreline **Police Service Data** 2007

CRIME SUMMARY

	2006	2007	Percent Change	Crime Rate	Total 2007 Cases Closed
Part I Offenses					
Criminal Homicide	2	1	-50.0%	0.02	0
Forcible Rape (incl. Attempts)	21	21	0.0%	0.39	2
Robbery	60	53	-11.7%	1.00	14
Aggravated Assault	54	45	-16.7%	0.85	27
Burglary, Commercial	112	106	-5.4%	1.99	4
Burglary, Residential	269	220	-18.2%	4.14	12
Larceny, over \$250	538	569	5.8%	10.70	42
Larceny, under \$250	688	588	-14.5%	11.05	58
Vehicle Theft	441	205	-53.5%	3.85	26
Arson	27	22	-18.5%	0.41	6
Total Part I Offenses	2,212	1,830	-17.3%	34.40	191
Total Part II Offenses	2,409	2,082	-13.6%	39.14	368

NOTE:

The crime rate is calculated on the basis of 1,000 people (i.e., number of crimes per 1,000 people). The population is 53,190.

ACTIVITY SUMMARY

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Dispatched calls for service	13,663	12,096	-11.5%
Adult charges/arrests	1,811	1,753	-3.2%
Juvenile charges/arrests	230	190	-17.4%
Traffic enforcement	6,941	5,590	-19.5%
Officers assaulted	6	4	-33.3%
Total gang-related incidents	43	38	-11.6%
Total domestic violence related incidents	442	317	-28.3%
Hate crimes/malicious harassment reports	2	5	150.0%

NOTE:

The domestic violence figures on this page include everything that is related to domestic violence: case reports, citations, follow-ups, assistance rendered to other agencies, FIR's made, etc. They may differ from the figures on page 37, which refer to case reports and citations only.



Part One Offenses by Patrol District

	Shoreline						Total
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Rape	0	3	6	0	3	3	15
Child Rape	1	0	1	2	1	0	5
Attempted Rape	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Robbery, Highway	2	2	4	4	4	6	22
Robbery, Commercial	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Robbery, Chain Store	0	1	2	4	3	2	12
Robbery, Residence	0	0	1	0	3	1	5
Robbery, Bank	0	1	0	0	2	0	3
Robbery, Misc.	0	1	3	2	1	0	7
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Assault, Firearm *	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
Assault, Knife	0	0	3	1	0	0	4
Assault, ODW	0	0	4	1	1	5	11
Assault, Hands	3	5	8	5	5	1	27
Commercial Burglary, FE	6	12	12	27	7	7	71
Commercial Burglary, NF	2	8	7	1	1	5	24
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	2	3	2	0	4	11
Residential Burglary, FE	6	11	23	20	20	31	111
Residential Burglary, NF	14	9	20	10	10	20	83
Residential Burglary, ATT	3	2	5	3	12	1	26
Larceny, +\$250	31	125	156	70	79	107	568
Larceny, -\$250	37	119	182	103	75	72	588
Auto Theft	9	24	45	44	44	36	202
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Arson Confirmed	2	1	7	2	8	2	22
Total	117	328	494	303	282	306	1,830

Part Two Offenses by Patrol District

	Shoreline						Total
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	
Assault Fourth	15	22	46	35	24	35	177
Total Forgery/Fraud *	31	32	100	44	49	44	300
Stolen Property	0	0	2	2	0	3	7
Vandalism	61	42	111	69	67	79	429
Weapons Violations	1	1	5	6	3	4	20
Commercial Vice	1	1	6	17	0	0	25
Total Sexual Offenses *	2	4	7	6	3	2	24
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile *	17	22	64	44	46	66	259
DWI	17	17	28	64	18	17	161
Liquor Violations	19	8	8	9	3	5	52
Disorderly Conduct	2	3	0	3	0	3	11
Kidnapping	0	0	2	1	1	1	5
Trespass	4	14	18	30	15	6	87
Opium, coke, etc.	0	11	8	17	7	3	46
Marijuana	4	5	3	2	2	5	21
Synthetic Narcotics	1	3	2	1	0	1	8
Other Narcotics	0	0	3	2	0	0	5
Hate Crimes	0	1	0	1	2	1	5
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	2	4	11	9	12	14	52
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	2	2	3	2	0	9
All other	44	51	116	61	56	51	379
Total	221	243	542	426	310	340	2,082

NOTES:

The data on this page includes the domestic violence data listed on page 37. Page 37 refers to domestic violence data only.

*A more detailed section of these categories is listed on page 42.



Larcenies by Patrol District

	Shoreline						Total
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	
Auto Parts & Accessories	6	10	13	10	20	23	82
Bicycles	4	1	9	2	1	4	21
Coin Operated Machine Device	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Gas	1	1	1	0	4	0	7
Non-specific Category	9	17	21	23	23	30	123
Pickpocket	0	2	3	1	0	2	8
Purse Snatch	1	1	2	2	1	2	9
Shoplifting	2	78	136	53	18	17	304
Taken from Auto	32	57	86	44	69	38	326
Taken from Building	13	77	66	39	18	63	276
Total	68	244	338	174	154	179	1,157

**Domestic Violence:
Part One Offenses by Patrol District**

	Shoreline						Total
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Child Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Highway	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Residence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Misc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Knife	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Assault, ODW	0	0	1	1	1	1	4
Assault, Hands	2	1	5	2	1	2	13
Commercial Burglary, FE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, NF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential Burglary, FE	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Residential Burglary, NF	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Residential Burglary, ATT	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Larceny, +\$250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny, -\$250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Auto Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson Confirmed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	3	9	4	2	5	25

**Domestic Violence:
Part Two Offenses by Patrol District**

	Shoreline						Total
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	
Assault Fourth	12	11	22	15	14	18	92
Total Forgery/Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	2	1	3	2	1	5	14
Weapons Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Sexual Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile	3	3	7	9	13	12	47
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	0	1	1	0	1	1	4
Trespass	1	0	0	1	0	1	3
Opium, coke, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	1	3	9	7	10	11	41
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	1	1	1	1	1	5
All other	2	0	5	4	7	3	21
Total	21	20	48	39	47	53	228

NOTE:

This page is a subcategory of page 35 and only refers to domestic violence incidents that produced a case report or citation.



ADULT AND JUVENILE CHARGES, ARRESTS, AND CITATIONS

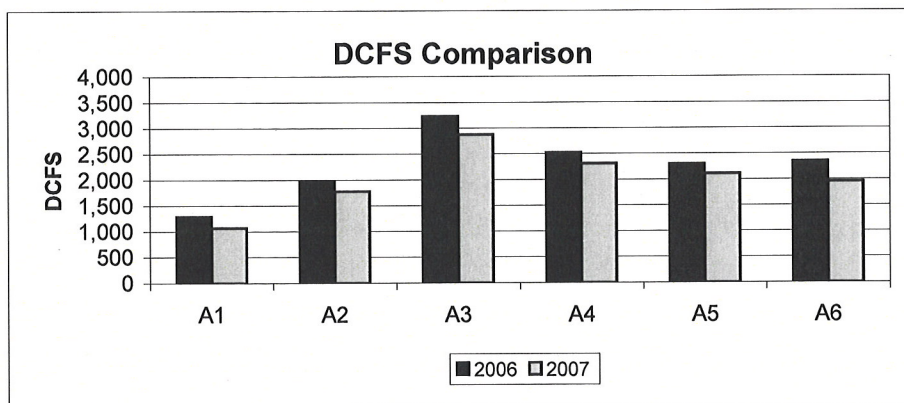
	Adult Felony	Adult Misdemeanor	Juvenile Felony	Juvenile Misdemeanor	Total Adults and Juveniles
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	0	2	0	4
Robbery	8	0	5	0	13
Aggravated Assault	17	1	5	0	23
Burglary	14	0	3	0	17
Larceny	39	183	4	34	260
Vehicle Theft	9	0	7	0	16
Assault, Fourth	0	124	0	18	142
Arson	0	0	3	0	3
Counterfeiting/Forgery	12	1	0	0	13
Fraud	4	2	0	0	6
Embezzlement	2	0	0	0	2
Stolen Property	9	2	1	2	14
Vandalism	13	28	2	10	53
Weapons Violations	1	15	3	1	20
Prostitution - Vice	0	47	0	1	48
Sex Offense (No Rape)	2	0	2	0	4
Narcotics/Drug Violation	94	37	7	1	139
Marijuana	0	55	0	8	63
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	164	0	5	169
Liquor Violation	0	77	0	41	118
Disorderly Conduct	0	7	0	0	7
Other (except Traffic)	26	184	5	9	224
Traffic	8	566	1	10	585
TOTAL	260	1,493	50	140	1,943

NOTE:

Charges include all adults and juveniles booked, cited and charged in absentia. Charges do not include persons that are booked on warrants each quarter.

Dispatched Calls for Service By Patrol District

District	2006	2007
A1	1,286	1,071
A2	1,979	1,775
A3	3,231	2,877
A4	2,523	2,305
A5	2,297	2,112
A6	2,347	1,956
TOTAL	13,663	12,096



Response Times

Priority	Avg Time in Mins.
X	3.75
1	6.83
2	11.49
3	26.50

NOTE:

The number of DCFS shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly higher than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than 5 percent higher.

Traffic Enforcement Activity

Violation	Patrol	Special Operations	TOTAL
Abandoned Vehicle	376	0	376
Accident, DUI	35	0	35
Accident, Injury	152	0	152
Accident, Non-injury	331	0	331
Accident, Fatal	0	0	0
D.U.I.	125	0	125
Physical Control	7	0	7
Hit & Run, Occupied Non-injury	60	0	60
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	120	0	120
Hit & Run, Injury	12	0	12
Incident, NSC (Other than accident)	1	0	1
Motorcycle Complaint	1	0	1
Negligent Driving	13	0	13
Other Moving Violation	731	0	731
Defective Equipment	50	0	50
Other Non-moving Violation	115	0	115
Off Road Vehicle/ATV Violation	0	0	0
Parking Violation	308	0	308
Pedestrian/Bicycle Violation	4	0	4
Reckless Driving	8	0	8
Speeding (Pace)	43	0	43
Speeding (Radar)	1,332	0	1332
Traffic Complaint Investigation	417	0	417
Attempting to Elude (Felony Flight)	12	0	12
Control (Other than Fire)	2	0	2
Driving While License Revoked/Suspended	490	0	490
Operator's License Violations, Other	104	0	104
Seatbelt Violation	148	0	148
Vehicle License Violations	593	0	593
TOTAL	5,590	0	5,590

Summary of Traffic Activity

	2007	2006	Percent Change
DUI	160	167	-4.2%
Moving/Hazardous	3,820	5,174	-26.2%
Non-moving/Compliances	1,610	1,600	0.6%
TOTAL	5,590	6,941	-19.5%

Traffic Accident Investigations

	2007	2006	Percent Change
Accident, DUI	35	28	25.0%
Accident, Injury	152	174	-12.6%
Accident, Non-injury	331	387	-14.5%
Accident, Fatal	0	3	-100.0%
Hit & Run, Occupied, Non-injury	60	85	-29.4%
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	120	147	-18.4%
Hit & Run, Injury	12	11	9.1%

	2007	2006	Percent Change
Traffic Complaint Investigations	417	343	21.6%



SPECIAL OPERATIONS

Air Support Unit (Helicopter) Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Number of Details *	23	15	-34.8%
Patrol (Flight) Hours *	9.2	12.1	31.8%

K-9 Unit Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
K-9 Used on Calls	73	56	-23.3%
Time Spent (Hours)	109.00	85.50	-21.6%

Hostage Negotiations Team Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Hostage and Barricade Incidents	5	3	-40.0%

Bomb Disposal Unit Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Responses	6	4	-33.3%
Follow-ups	0	2	N/A

TAC-30 Unit Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Callouts	4	4	0.0%

Department Ceremonial Unit Activity

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Callouts	0	0	N/A

NOTE:

* Air Support data was not available for 1st Quarter 2006. YTD is April - December only. Therefore, comparisons are not accurate.

Major and Special Investigations Section

Assault Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Assault, Aggravated	29	27	-6.9%
Assault, Cutting	6	4	-33.3%
Assault, Handgun	4	1	-75.0%
Assault, Handgun (Driveby)	1	0	-100.0%
Assault, Long gun	1	0	-100.0%
Assault, Long gun (Driveby)	1	1	0.0%
Assault, Other Firearm	0	0	N/A
Assault, Other Firearm (Driveby)	2	0	-100.0%
Assault, Unknown Firearm	0	0	N/A
Assault, Unknown Firearm (Driveby)	0	1	N/A
Assault, ODW	10	11	10.0%
Assault, Simple	226	177	-21.7%

Fraud Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Embezzlement	5	4	-20.0%
Extortion	0	0	N/A
Fraud, All other	199	210	5.5%
Fraud, UICD	19	10	-47.4%
Forgery Document	10	5	-50.0%
Forgery Checks	94	30	-68.1%
Forgery Credit Cards	25	12	-52.0%
Computer Investigations	0	2	N/A
Identity Theft	11	27	145.5%

Special Assault Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Rape	17	15	-11.8%
Child Rape	3	5	66.7%
Attempted Rape	1	1	0.0%
Child Molestation	1	2	100.0%
Child Porn	0	2	N/A
Incest	1	0	-100.0%
Indecent Exposure	6	5	-16.7%
Indecent Liberties	3	6	100.0%
Sex Offense, NSC	2	7	250.0%
Sexual Offender Registration	0	1	N/A
Sexual Offender Registration Violations	1	0	-100.0%
Sexual Offender Verification	0	0	N/A
Child Luring	3	1	-66.7%

Family/Juvenile Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Child Abuse	4	7	75.0%
Child Neglect	10	11	10.0%
Disturbance, Family	90	92	2.2%
Juvenile Disturbance	6	7	16.7%
Juvenile Runaway	115	127	10.4%
Custodial Interference	9	10	11.1%
Elderly or Dependent Abuse	3	3	0.0%
Elderly or Dependent Neglect	2	2	0.0%

Glossary of Terms

Adult Arrests

An arrest is counted every time an adult is cited for a criminal offense or booked. More specifically:

1. It includes all adult bookings, plus
2. All adult citations which are classified as criminal non-traffic.
3. When an adult is both cited and booked, it is only counted once.

Cases Cleared /Clearance

The solving of an offense by arrest, or in some circumstances, by exceptional means (the suspect died, is imprisoned on another charge, victim refuses to testify, etc.).

Cleared by Arrest:

A case can be closed by arrest when at least one suspect is positively identified and charges are recommended to the Prosecuting Attorney's Office. This closure does not require physical booking into a jail or juvenile detention facility. It also does not require the charging of all suspects, if there are multiple suspects in the crime. This category includes criminal citations into district and municipal courts for misdemeanors and felony filings into Superior Court, as well as all filings into Juvenile Court.

Exceptional Clearance:

A case can be closed "exceptional" if it can be established that a crime has been committed and the identity of a suspect is positively confirmed, but due to circumstances beyond our control, no charges are filed. An example of this type of closure is a case in which the victim declines to assist in prosecution. Another example is when another police agency files charges on a related crime stemming from the same incident. (Car stolen in King County, but suspect arrested out of the stolen car in Bellevue. Bellevue P.D. charges the suspect with possession of the stolen car. We close the stolen car case "exceptional.")

Unfounded:

Cases are closed as "unfounded" when the investigation reveals that no crime has been committed. An example would be the report of a theft by one party that is determined to be a false report by interviewing other independent witnesses

Administrative Clearance:

This clearance is used primarily to close non-criminal police investigations like found property. For instance, if a citizen finds and turns over to police a wallet. Investigation reveals who the owner of the wallet is and the item is returned to that person.

Inactive:

This category is used when all investigative leads are exhausted and the case can not be closed by any of the above classifications.

Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is a subcategory to other crimes. Virtually any crime can be classified as domestic violence. In the State of Washington, Domestic Violence is defined as a crime of violence against the person or property of a spouse, former spouse, persons related by blood or marriage, persons who have a child in common, former/current roommates, persons who have or had a dating relationship, and persons related to the suspect by the parent-child (biological or legal) relationship. In some cases, the age of the victim or suspect may determine whether or not the legal definition above is met.

Part II Offenses

This category includes all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I. Crimes include other assaults (simple), forgery and counterfeiting, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property (buying, receiving and/or possessing), vandalism, weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.), prostitution and commercialized vice, sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution or commercial vice...i.e. statutory rape, indecent exposure, etc.), drug violations, gambling, offenses against the family and children, driving under the influence, liquor violations, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, etc.



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