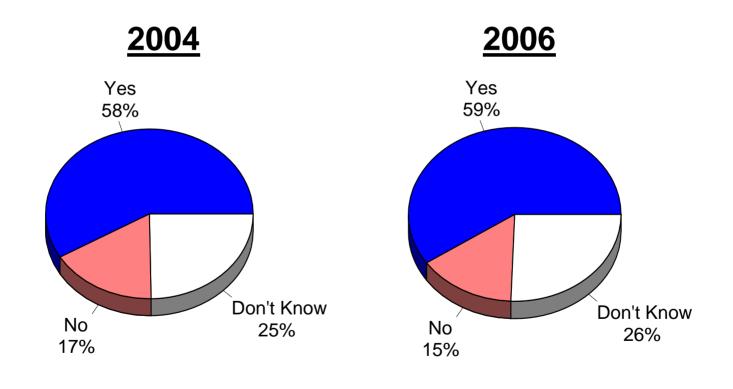
Community Advisory Group Recap of Meetings 1 through 5

May 29, 2008

2006 Citizen Survey

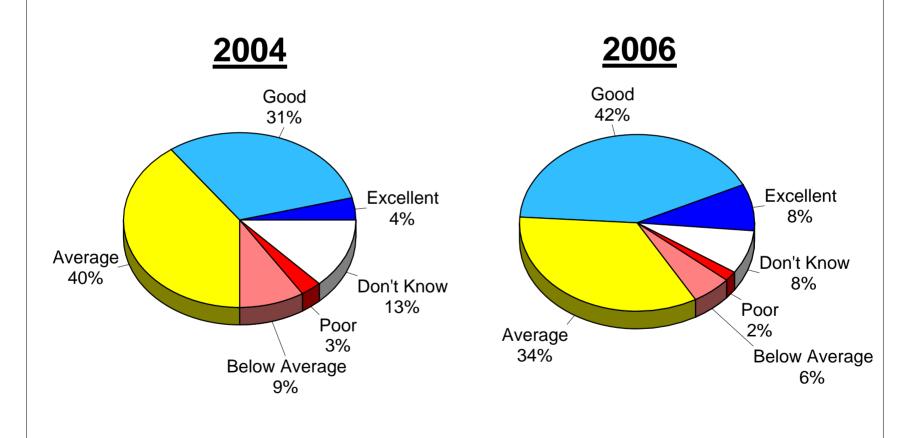
In General, Do You Think the City of Shoreline is Moving in the Right Direction?

by percentage of respondents



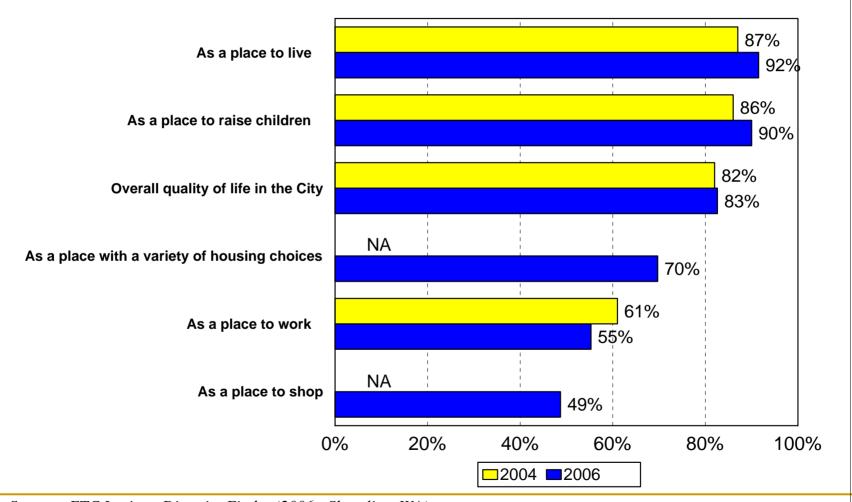
Overall Rating of Value of Services Received from City Taxes

by percentage of respondents



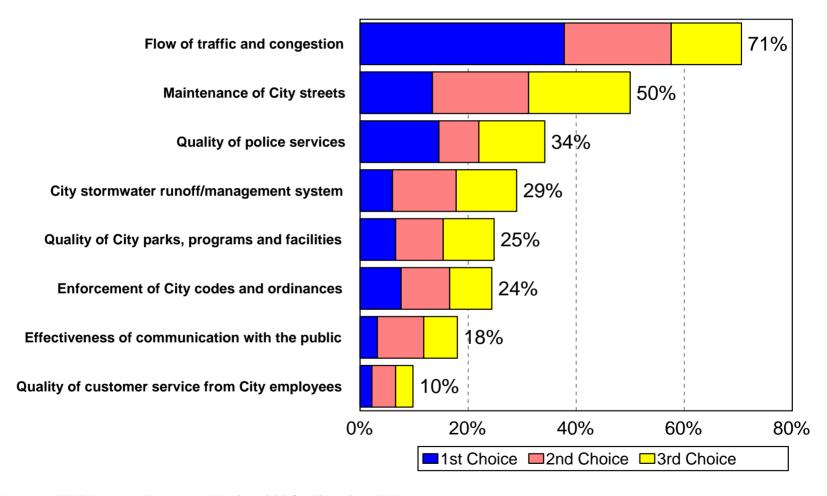
TRENDS: How Respondents Rate Shoreline as a Place to Live, Work and Raise Children in 2004 and 2006

by percentage of respondents who rated the item as a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale (excluding don't knows)



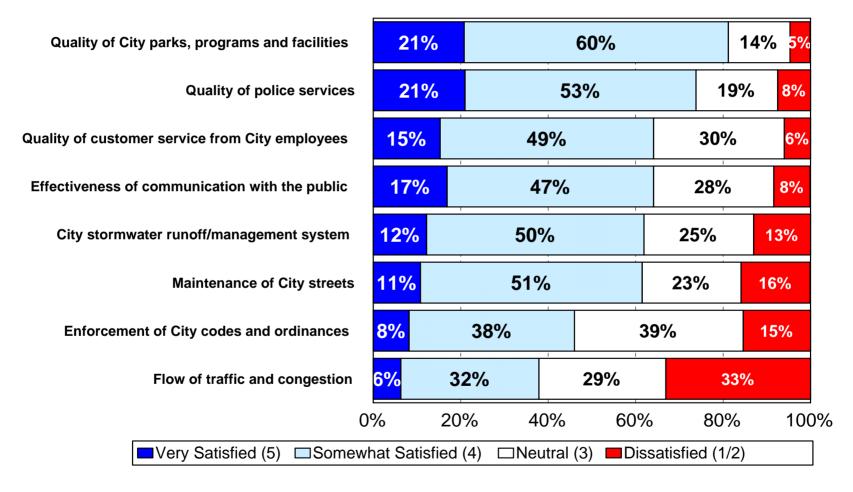
City Services That Should Receive the Most Emphasis Over the Next Two Years by Major Category

by percentage of respondents who selected the item as one of their top three choices



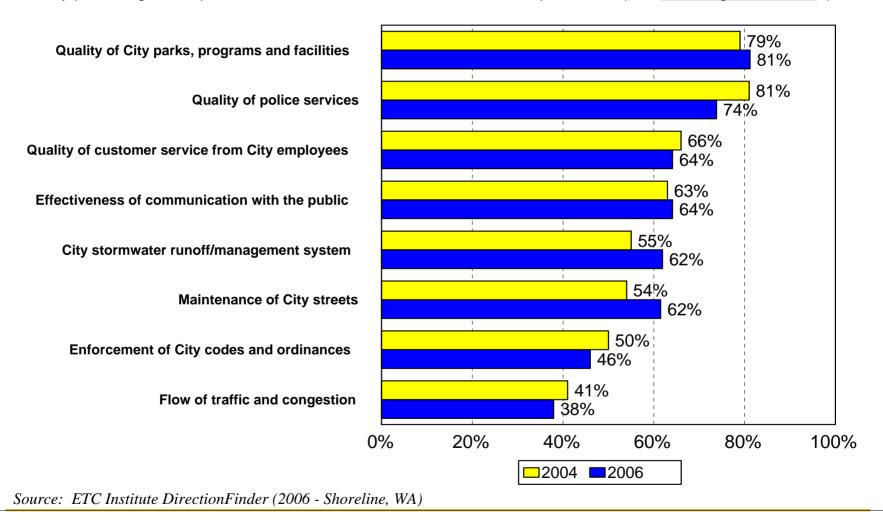
Overall Satisfaction With City Services by Major Category in 2006

by percentage of respondents who rated the item as a 1 to 5 on a 5-point scale (excluding don't knows)



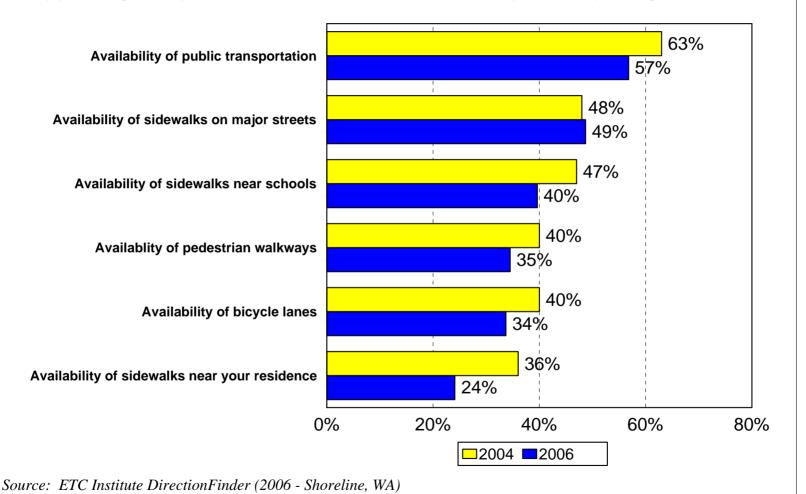
TRENDS: Overall Satisfaction With City Services by Major Category for 2004 and 2006

by percentage of respondents who rated the item as a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale (excluding don't knows)



TRENDS: Satisfaction Ratings for Various Aspects of Transportation for 2004 and 2006

by percentage of respondents who rated the item as a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale excluding don't knows)



Priorities – Specific Aspects

Should receive most emphasis over next 2 years (top 1 or 2)

Top 5

- Enforcement of clean up, litter/debris (57%)
- City efforts to prevent crime (56%)
- Enforcement of abandoned autos (53%)
- Maintenance of City Parks (49%)
- Walking/biking trails in city (45%)

- Enforcement of drug/vice laws (39%)
- Quality of Police Protection (38%)
- Sidewalks near schools (36%)
- Sidewalks near residences (34%)
- Avail. of pedestrian walkways (32%)
- Adequacy of street lights in neighborhood (32%)
- Avail. of public transp. (32%)

Importance/Satisfaction Priorities

Combination of top 3 priorities and levels of satisfaction

Very High Priority

1. Flow of Traffic/Congestion

High Priority

- 2. Maintain City Streets
- 3. Enforce City codes/ ordinances

Medium Priority

- 4. Quality of Police Services
- 5. Communication w/Public
- 6. Stormwater management
- 7. City Customer Service

Dissatisfaction – Specific Aspects

(Rated 1 or 2 on five-point scale)

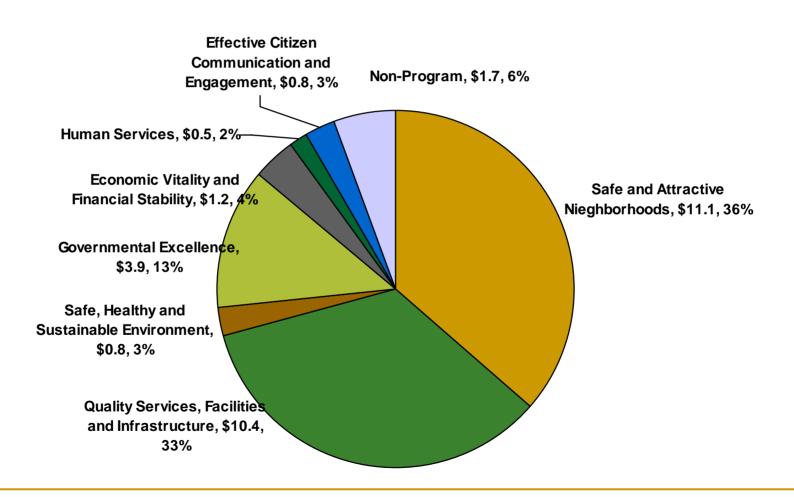
- 1. Availability of sidewalks near residence (51%)
- 2. Availability of pedestrian walkways (41%)
- 3. Street lighting in neighborhood (37%)
- 4. Enforce removal abandoned autos (35%)
- 5. Enforce cleanup of litter/debris (35%)
- 6. Availability of sidewalks near schools (34%)

City Services Strategic Directions

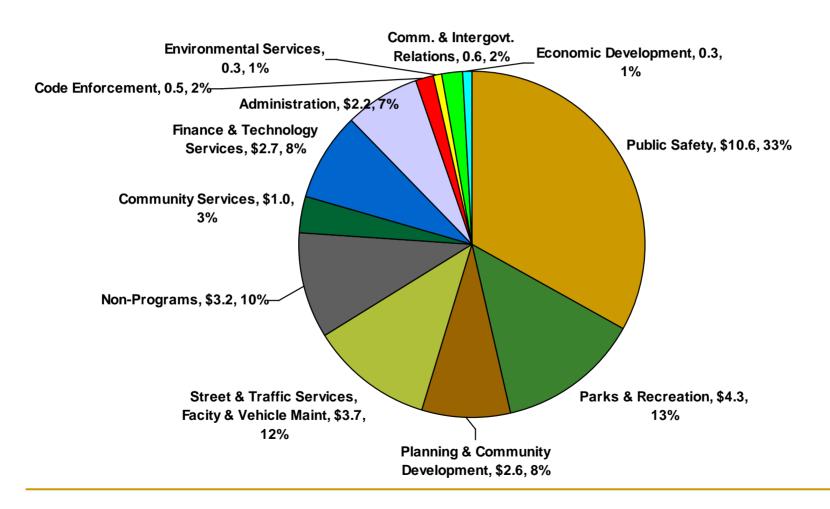
Shoreline Strategic Objectives

- Safe and attractive neighborhoods and business districts
- Quality services, facilities, and infrastructure
- Safe, healthy and sustainable environment
- Government excellence
- Economic vitality and financial stability
- Human services
- Effective citizen communication and engagement

Operating Budget by Strategic Objective



Operating Budget Expenditures by Service/Program Area (In Millions)



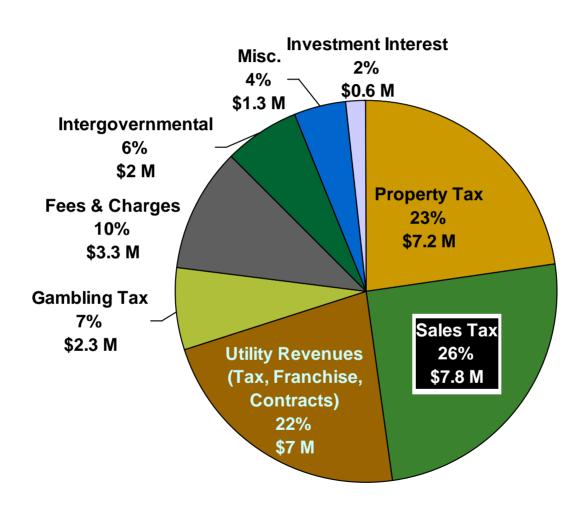
City Service Summary Page (Handout at Meeting)

City Services Provided Either:

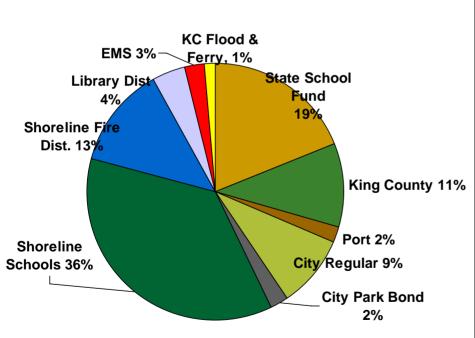
- In-House or
- Contracted Service

City Finances

Operating Budget Resources



2008 Property Tax Collection by Agency Total Rate = \$11.31 per \$1,000 AV

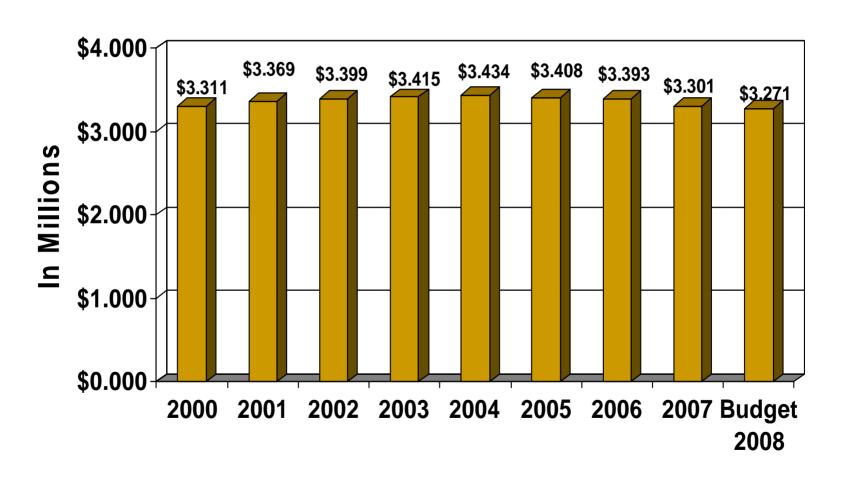


Jurisdiction	Rate
Shoreline School District	\$ 4.13
State School Fund	2.13
Shoreline Fire District	1.44
King County	1.21
City – Regular Levy	1.02
City – Park Bond Levy	.25
King County Library Dist	.45
Emergency Medical Svc	.30
Port District	.22
King County Flood & Ferry	.16
Total	\$11.31

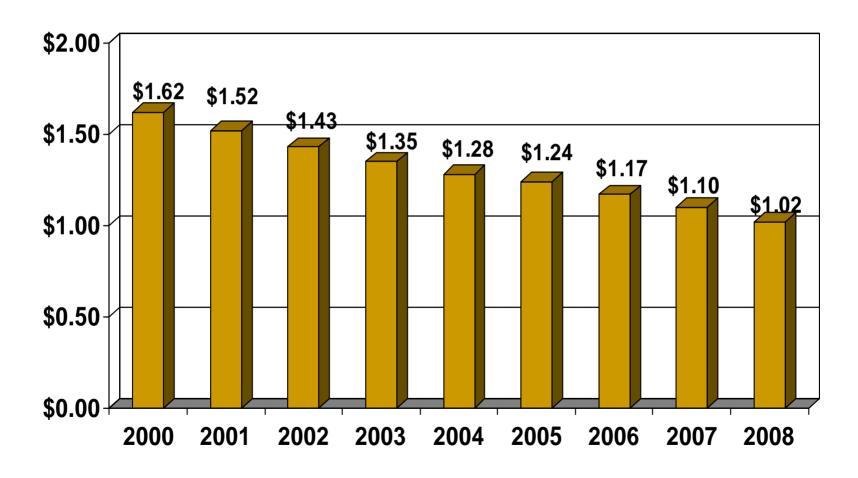
Property Tax Principals from Initiative 747

- Overall Regular Levy Limited to 1% Increase from Previous Year
 - Plus New Construction
- If Overall City Assessed Valuation Grows More Than 1% - Levy Rate Goes Down
- If Overall City Assessed Valuation Grows Less Than 1% - Levy Rate Goes Up

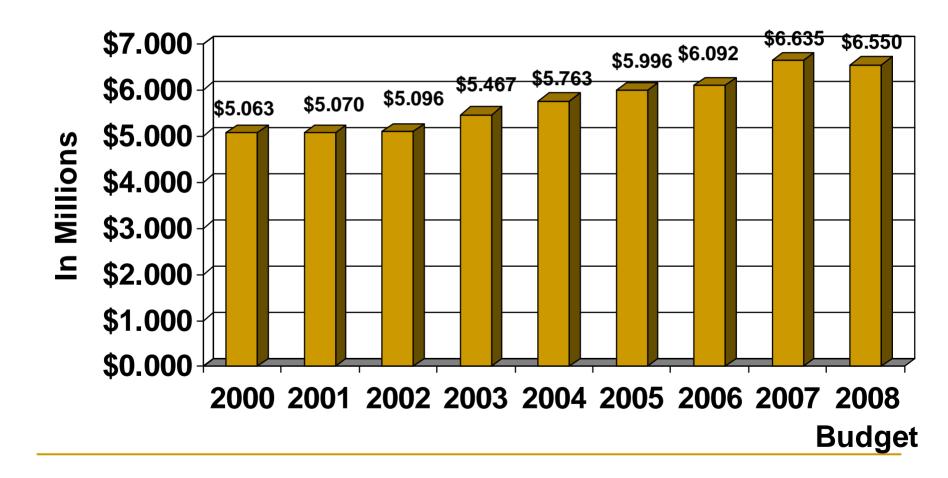
Property Tax Revenue (23% of Revenue) (Constant Dollars)



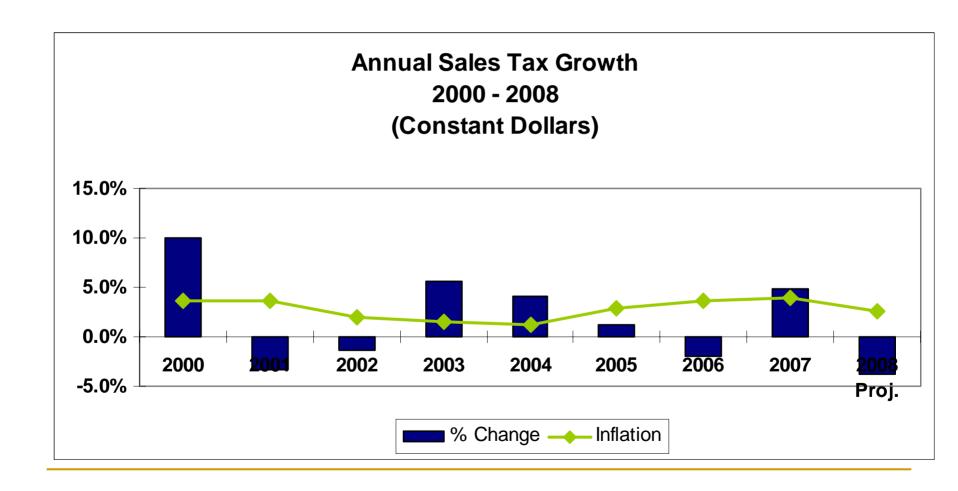
Regular City Property Tax Levy Rates 2000-2008



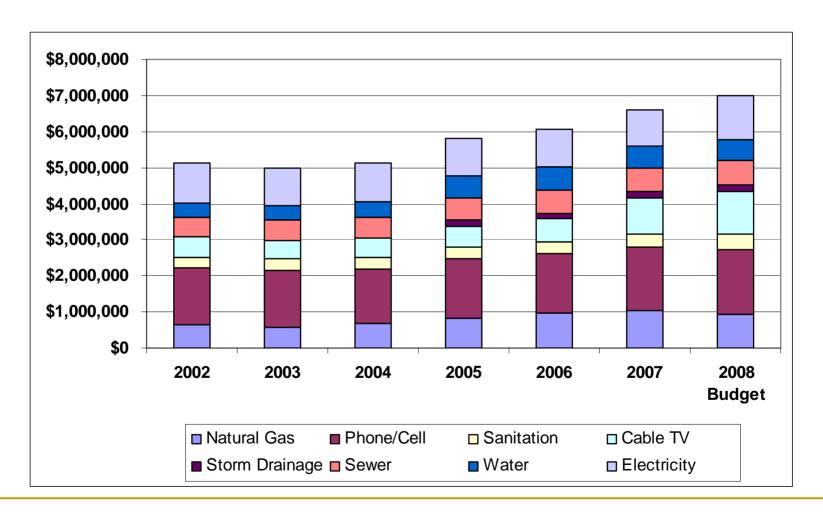
Sales Tax Collections 2000–2008 (26% of Revenue) (In Millions)



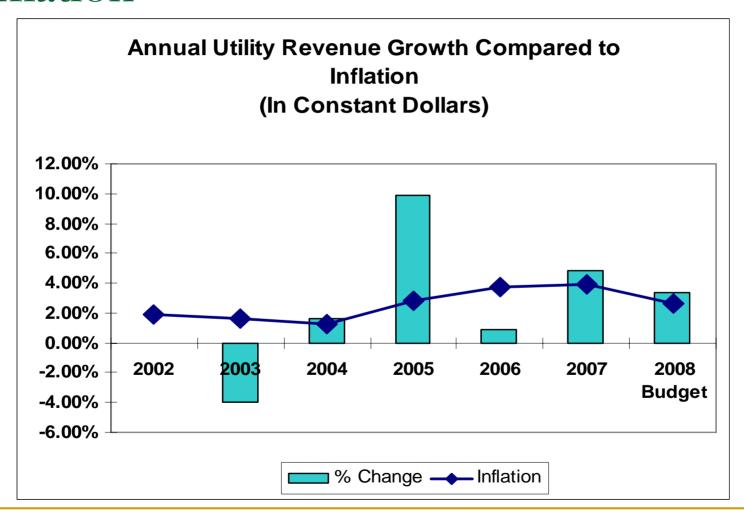
Sales Tax Collection Growth 2000-2008 in Constant Dollars



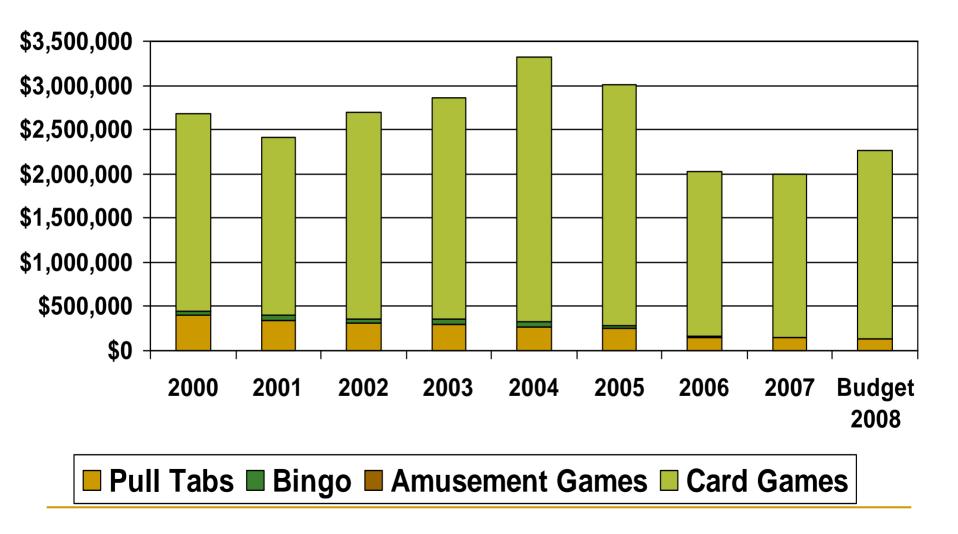
Utility Tax, Franchise Fee & Utility Contract Payment Revenues (22% of Revenues)



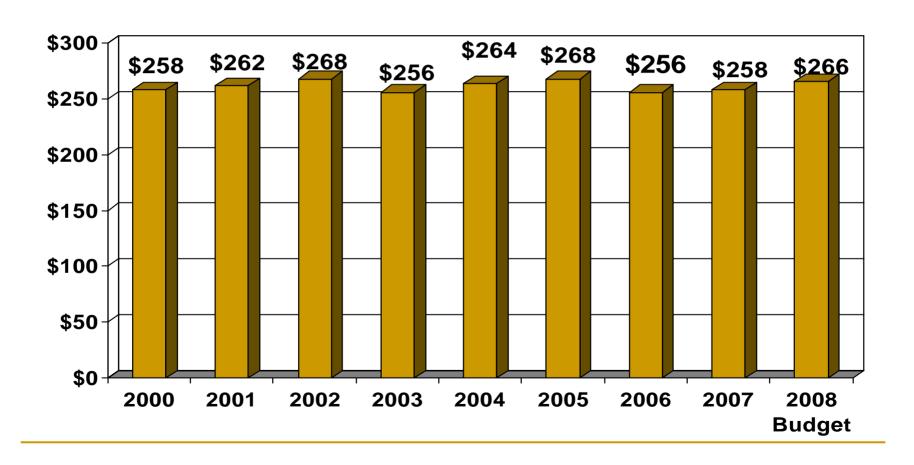
Utility Revenue Growth Adjusted for Inflation



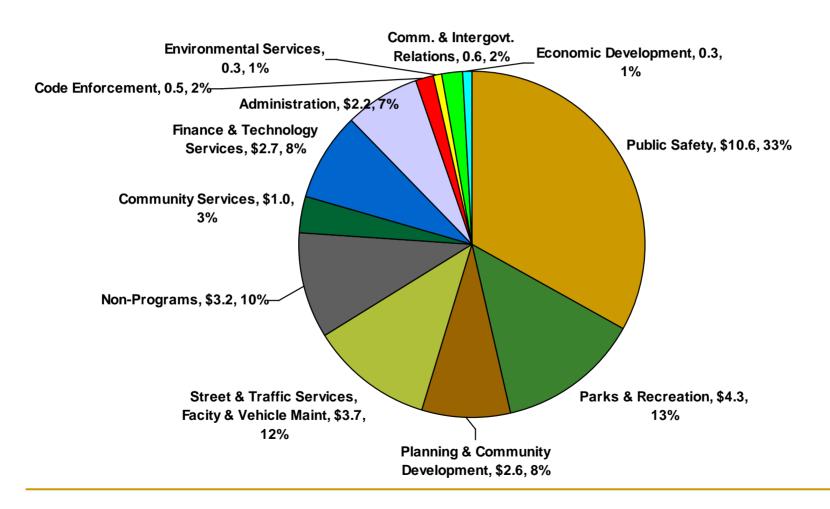
Gambling Tax (7% of Revenue)



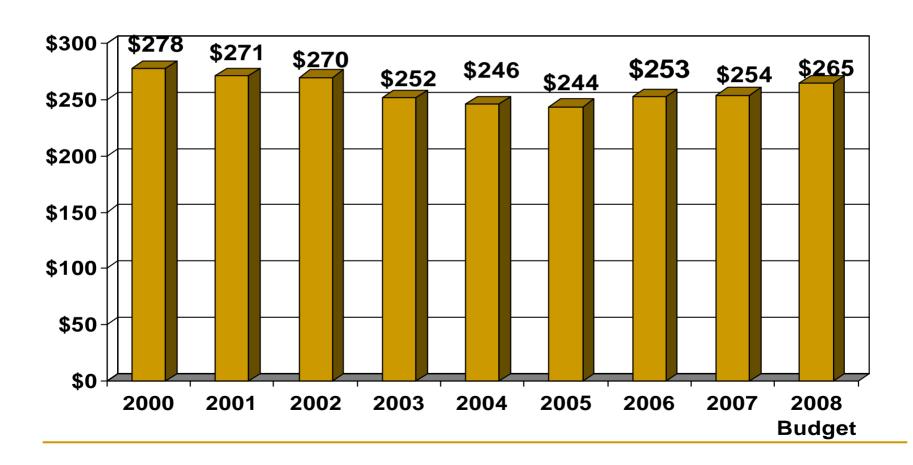
Operating Revenue Per Capita (In Constant \$ - Adjusted for Inflation)



Operating Budget Expenditures by Service/Program Area (In Millions)



Operating Expenditures Per Capita (In Constant \$)

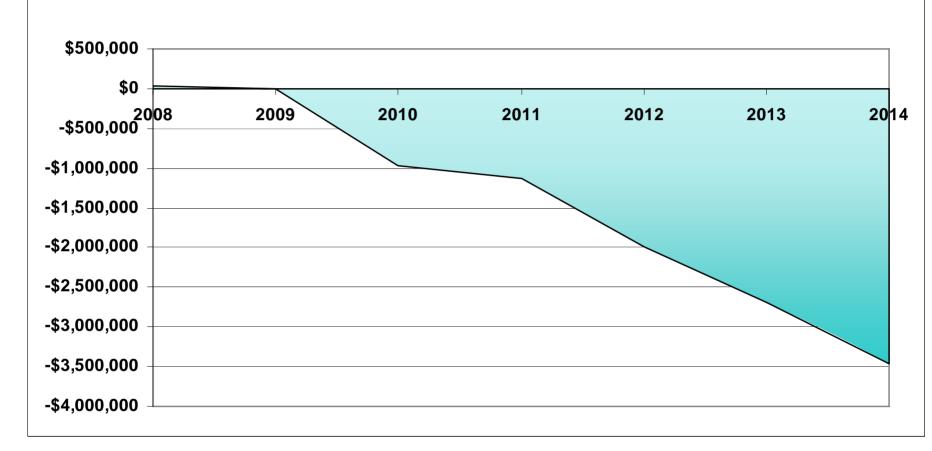


Long-Range Forecast

2009-2014 Long-Range Forecast Assuming Current Levels of Service

- Status-Quo
 - Maintains Current Level of Service
 - Accounts for anticipated revenue and expenditure changes
 - No "new" stuff
 - No service eliminations





Why Long-Term Gaps 2009 – 2014?

- Revenues Annual Projected Growth 2.5%
 - Property Tax 1% Cap
 - Continued Decline in Gambling Tax
 - Modest Growth in Sales
 Tax In Current Economic
 Environment
 - No Drivers for High Levels of Growth
 - Fuel Tax Decline in Gas Consumption

- Expenditures Annual Projected Growth 4.6%
 - Salaries & Benefits –4.23% (40% of budget)
 - Cost of Living, State Retirement, Health Insurance
 - Intergovernmental Contracts – 4.7% (37% of budget)
 - Police and Jail Contracts
 - Services & Charges –4.1% (20% of budget)
 - Utilities, Maintenance, Liability & Property Insurance

Things City Has Done To-Date to Keep Revenues/Expenditures in Alignment

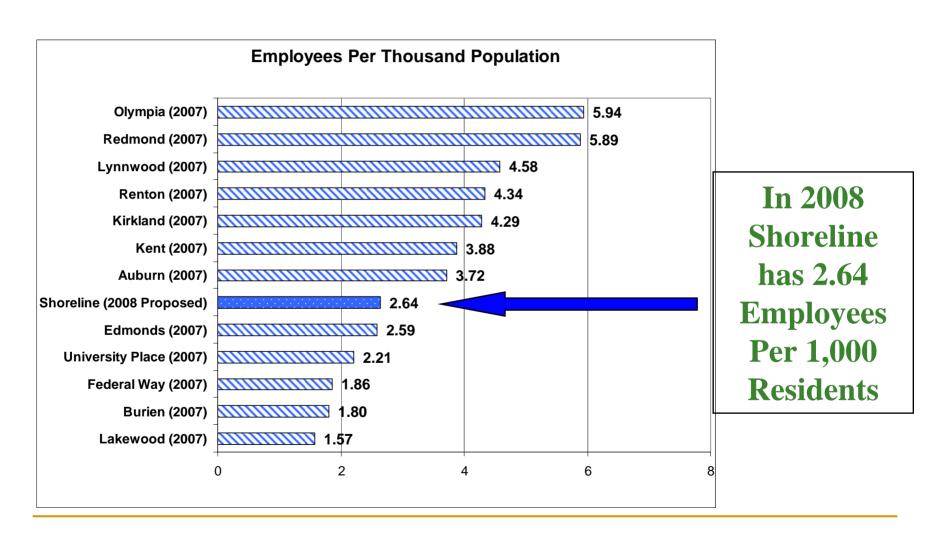
- 2003 Modified Employee Health Benefit Policy
 - □ Average Annual Savings = \$200,000
- Joint City Agreement for Jail Alternatives
 - □ Difference for 2008 = \$293,000
- Taken Some Services In-House
 - Street Sweeping in 2007 (Better Service/Lower Cost) = \$58,000 annually
- Change How we Deliver/Purchase Services
 - □ Canine Unit = \$100,000 annually
 - □ Telephone System = \$100,000 annually
- Baseline Budget Cuts
 - \square 2005 = \$167,000 and 2007 = \$262,000
- Revenue Enhancements 2007 through 2009
 - Cable Utility Tax Increase from 1% to 5%
 - Seattle City Light Electricity Contract Payment

Examples of On-Going Cost Savings

- Contract for Police Services
 - Comparison to Many Other Cities
 - Average Cost per Capita = \$249
 - Shoreline's Cost per Capita = \$161
- Mix of In-House and Contract Service Delivery
 - Landscaping (Parks)
 - Street Maintenance
 - Street Sweeping

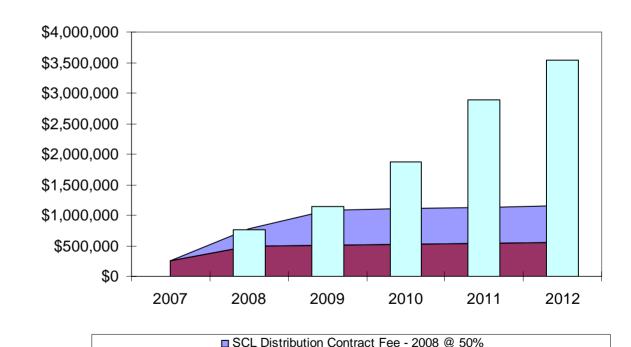
Comparison of City Staffing Levels

(Excludes Police, Fire, Utilities, Special Business Enterprises)



2007 Council Adopted Strategy to Close Budget Gaps through 2009

- Operating Budget Changes -\$125,000
- Increase Cable Utility Tax from 1% to 6%
- Assess Contract
 Payment on
 Electric
 Distribution
 Revenues



■ Cable Utility Tax - Effective July 1, 2007

☐ Projected Budget Gap

Long-Term Projected Budget Gap Summary

Year	Projected Budget Gap
2010	\$1 Million
2011	\$1.1 Million
2012	\$2 Million
2013	\$2.7 Million
2014	\$3.5 Million

Going Forward

The Task At Hand

Options

- Look for Efficiencies
 - Could provide some budget savings
 - Won't close the gap on its own
- Maintain Current Services
 - Require additional resources to close projected budget gap
 - Phased-in \$3 to \$3.5 million annually from 2010 to 2014
- Additional Investments
 - Require additional resources beyond those to close projected budget gaps
 - Additional \$1 to \$3 million annually